

From cells to tissues

Physical modelling of the collective behaviour of
embryonic cells

Jos Käfer and François Graner*

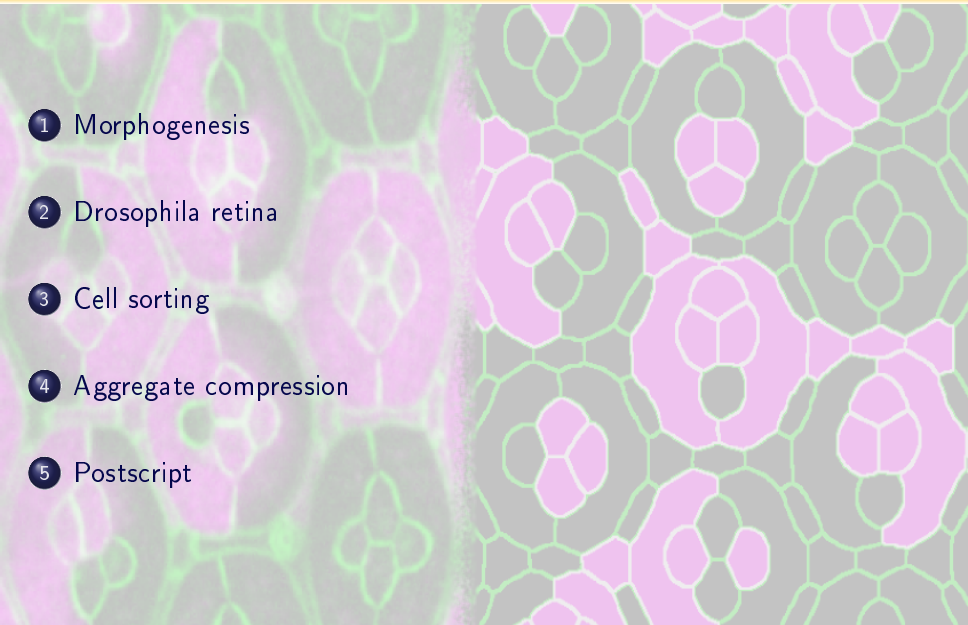
Laboratoire de Spectrométrie Physique, CNRS & UJF Grenoble
*Biologie du Développement, CNRS & Institut Curie, Paris

october 2009



Contents

- 1 Morphogenesis
- 2 Drosophila retina
- 3 Cell sorting
- 4 Aggregate compression
- 5 Postscript



Morphogenesis
●○

Drosophila retina
○○○○○○○

Cell sorting
○○○○

Aggregate compression
○○○

Postscript
○○

Animal development

Animal development

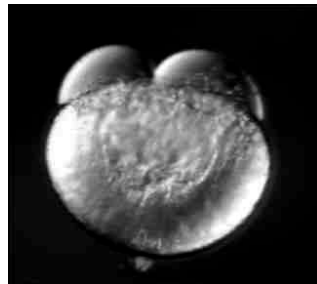


René Magritte, Clairvoyance, 1935

Animal development



René Magritte, Clairvoyance, 1935



Karlstrom & Kane, Dev. 123:461, 1996



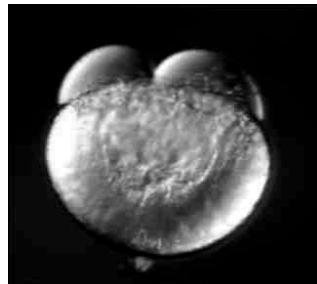
wikipedia

Animal development



René Magritte, Clairvoyance, 1935

- 1 Growth (from 0.5 mm to 6 cm)
- 2 Pattern formation
- 3 Morphogenesis



Karlstrom & Kane, Dev. 123:461, 1996



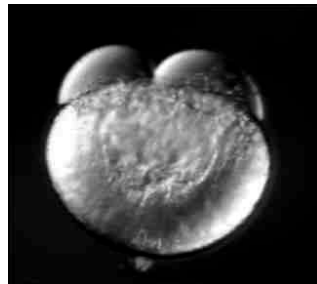
wikipedia

Animal development



René Magritte, Clairvoyance, 1935

- 1 Growth (from 0.5 mm to 6 cm)
- 2 Pattern formation
- 3 Morphogenesis: study its physical aspects



Karlstrom & Kane, Dev. 123:461, 1996



wikipedia

Morphogenesis

●

Drosophila retina

○○○○○○○

Cell sorting

○○○○

Aggregate compression

○○○

Postscript

○○

Simple physical analogies

Simple physical analogies

Understand how individual cell properties act on the collective level

Physical analogies suggested in the literature:

- ① Cells and soap bubbles
- ② Cell sorting and liquid demixion
- ③ Cell aggregates and liquid drops

Simple physical analogies

Understand how individual cell properties act on the collective level

Physical analogies suggested in the literature:

- ① Cells and soap bubbles
- ② Cell sorting and liquid demixion
- ③ Cell aggregates and liquid drops

Soap bubbles and complex fluids: studied by the physicists in the lab

- Test the analogies by simulations
- Improve if necessary

Simple physical analogies

Understand how individual cell properties act on the collective level

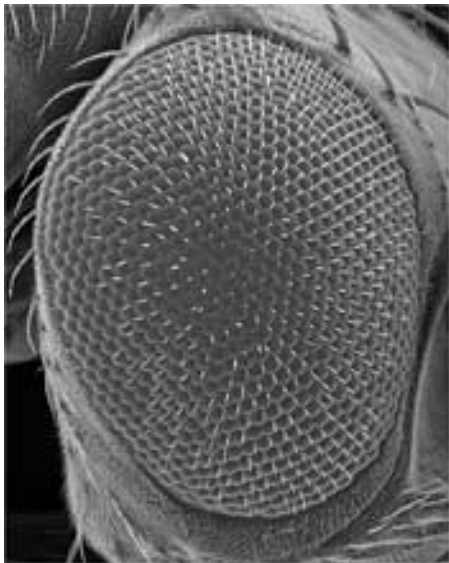
Physical analogies suggested in the literature:

- ① Cells and soap bubbles: part 1
- ② Cell sorting and liquid demixion: part 2
- ③ Cell aggregates and liquid drops: part 3

Soap bubbles and complex fluids: studied by the physicists in the lab

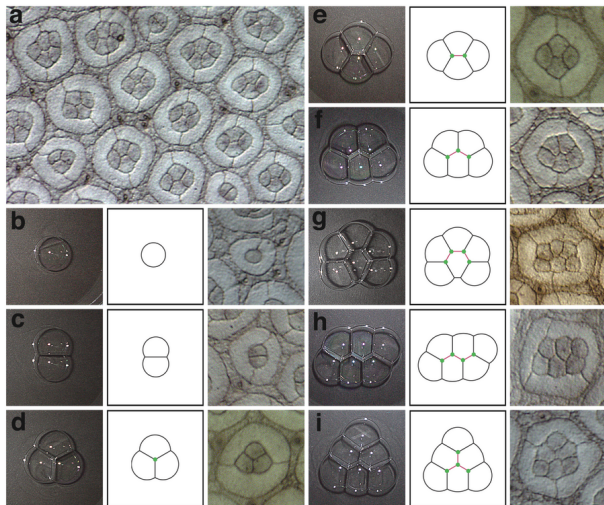
- Test the analogies by simulations
- Improve if necessary

Drosophila eye



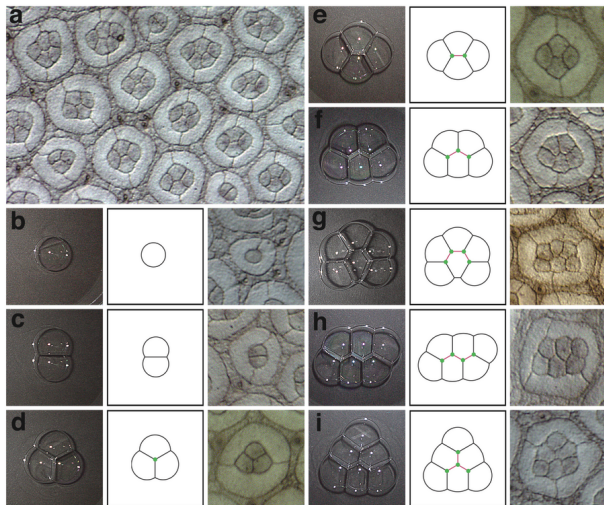
With Takashi Hayashi
and Richard Carthew,
Northwestern University, USA

Starting point



Hayashi & Carthew, Nature, 2004

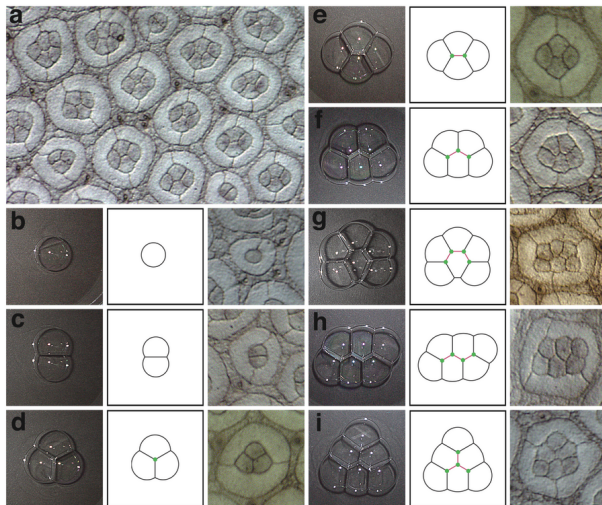
Starting point



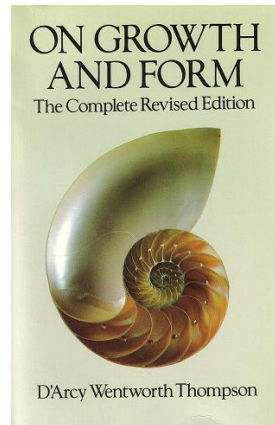
Hayashi & Carthew, Nature, 2004

Why does cell packing resemble bubble packing?
Same mechanics - surface minimisation?

Starting point



Hayashi & Carthew, Nature, 2004



Idea first (?)
published
in 1917

Why does cell packing resemble bubble packing?
Same mechanics - surface minimisation?

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
●○○○○○

Cell sorting
○○○○

Aggregate compression
○○○

Postscript
○○

Methods

Cellular Potts Model

Collaboration with S. Marée and V. Grieneisen, Utrecht University, The Netherlands

Methods

Collaboration with S. Marée and V. Grieneisen, Utrecht University, The Netherlands

Cellular Potts Model

4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
5	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	0
5	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0
5	5	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
5	5	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
5	5	5	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0
5	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
5	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0

Lattice

- a cell = a set of pixels
same size as in experiments
- a movement = a pixel changes
to another cell

Methods

Collaboration with S. Marée and V. Grieneisen, Utrecht University, The Netherlands

Cellular Potts Model

4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
5	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	0
5	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0
5	5	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
5	5	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
5	5	5	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0
5	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
5	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0

Lattice

- a cell = a set of pixels
same size as in experiments
- a movement = a pixel changes to another cell

Energy

- Energy cost at cell boundaries
- Size conservation

Methods

Collaboration with S. Marée and V. Grieneisen, Utrecht University, The Netherlands

Cellular Potts Model

4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
5	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	0
5	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0
5	5	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
5	5	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
5	5	5	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0
5	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
5	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0

Lattice

- a cell = a set of pixels
same size as in experiments
- a movement = a pixel changes to another cell

Energy

- Energy cost at cell boundaries
- Size conservation

Energy minimisation

- Surface minimisation
- Differential adhesion
- Membrane fluctuations
- ... and much more

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
○○●○○○

Cell sorting
○○○○

Aggregate compression
○○○

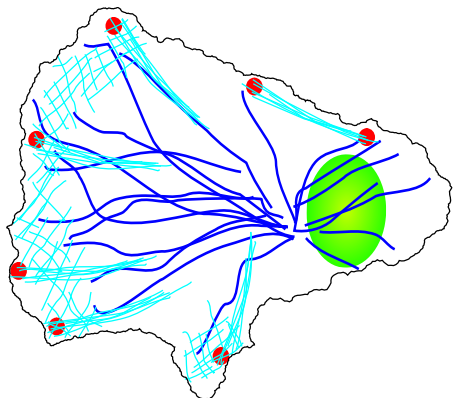
Postscript
○○

Cellular ingredients

“Key components”

Cellular ingredients

“Key components”



Migrating cell, top view

Cytoskeleton

microtubules

actin

Rigidity

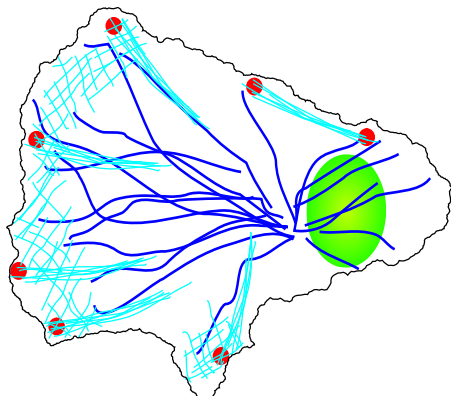
Activity: formation of protrusions

Adhesion

linked to the cytoskeleton

Cellular ingredients

“Key components”



Migrating cell, top view

Cytoskeleton

microtubules

actin

Rigidity

Activity: formation of protrusions

Adhesion

linked to the cytoskeleton

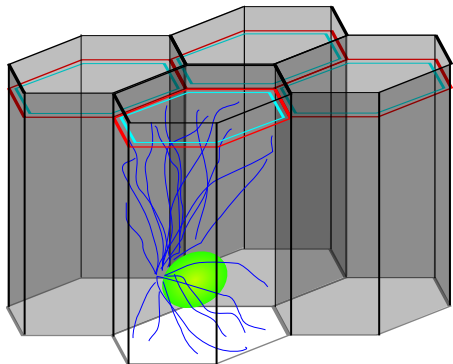
E.g.: Cellular Potts Model

Marée et al., Bull. Math. Biol. (2006) 68: 1169–1211

Simulations of keratocytes by A. Marée

Cellular ingredients

“Key components”



Epithelial cells, side view

Cytoskeleton

microtubules

actin + myosin

Rigidity

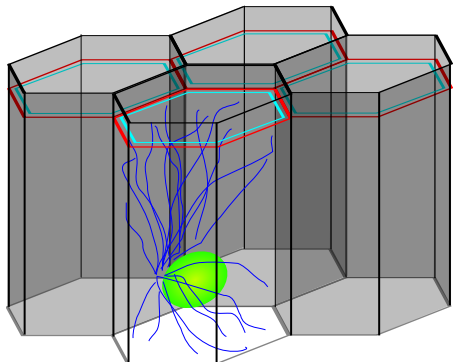
Activity: formation of protrusions

Adhesion

linked to the cytoskeleton

Cellular ingredients

“Key components”



Epithelial cells, side view

Cytoskeleton

microtubules

actin + myosin

Rigidity

Activity: formation of protrusions

Adhesion

linked to the cytoskeleton

Cellular Potts Model

Drosophila retina

Zonal adhesion: possible to model in 2D

Experimental observations and surface minimisation

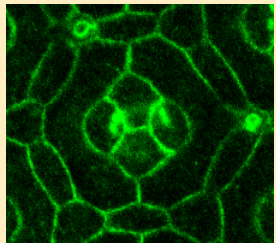
Experimental observations and surface minimisation

Experiments



Experimental observations and surface minimisation

Experiments



Adhesion:
E-cadherin

Experimental observations and surface minimisation

Experiments



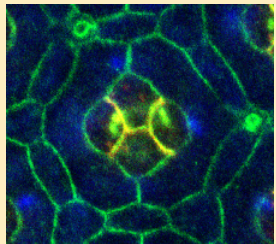
Adhesion:

E-cadherin

N-cadherin

Experimental observations and surface minimisation

Experiments



Adhesion:

E-cadherin

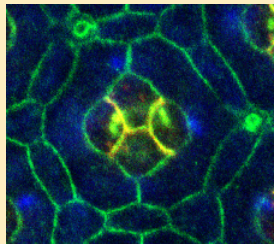
N-cadherin

More adhesion

between cone cells

Experimental observations and surface minimisation

Experiments



Adhesion:

E-cadherin

N-cadherin

More adhesion

between cone cells

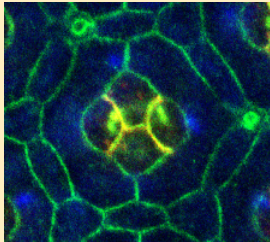
First model: surface minimisation

Each interface has a constant tension

More adhesion = weaker tension = less minimisation

Experimental observations and surface minimisation

Experiments



Adhesion:

E-cadherin

N-cadherin

More adhesion

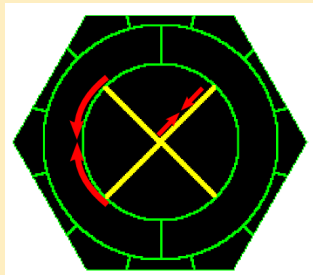
between cone cells

First model: surface minimisation

Each interface has a constant tension

More adhesion = weaker tension = less minimisation

Simulations

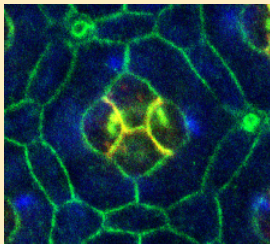


Strong adhesion between cone cells

With **all** cells

Experimental observations and surface minimisation

Experiments



Adhesion:

E-cadherin

N-cadherin

More adhesion

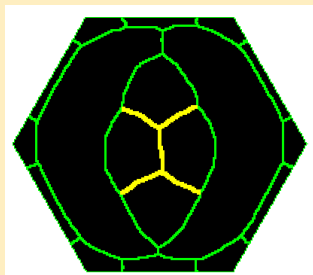
between cone cells

First model: surface minimisation

Each interface has a constant tension

More adhesion = weaker tension = less minimisation

Simulations



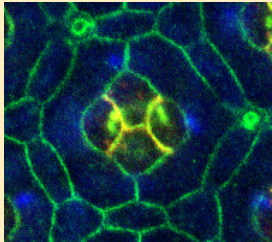
Wrong topology!

Strong adhesion between cone cells

With **all** cells

Experimental observations and surface minimisation

Experiments



Adhesion:

E-cadherin

N-cadherin

More adhesion

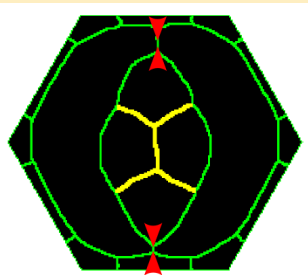
between cone cells

First model: surface minimisation

Each interface has a constant tension

More adhesion = weaker tension = less minimisation

Simulations



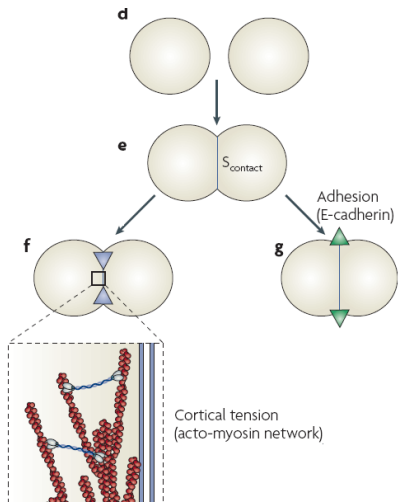
Wrong topology!
Neighbours matter.

Strong adhesion between cone cells

With **all** cells

Adhesion and the cortical cytoskeleton

Adhesion and the cortical cytoskeleton



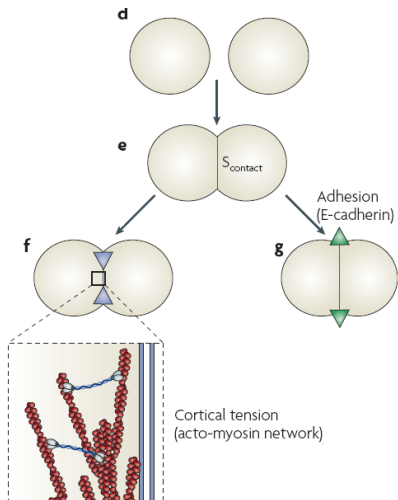
Lecuit & Lenne, Nat. Rev. Mol. Cell Bio. 2007

Model 2:

variable tension

- cell tension = contraction – adhesion
- adhesion → spreading
- cortical contraction resists spreading
- contraction depends on contact area
- **feedback:** tension ↔ cell shape

Adhesion and the cortical cytoskeleton

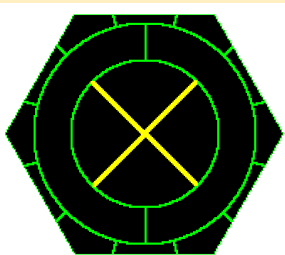


Lecuit & Lenne, Nat. Rev. Mol. Cell Bio. 2007

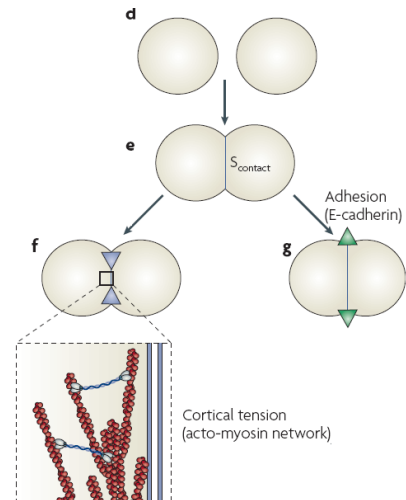
Model 2:

variable tension

- cell tension = contraction – adhesion
- adhesion → spreading
- cortical contraction resists spreading
- contraction depends on contact area
- **feedback:** tension ↔ cell shape



Adhesion and the cortical cytoskeleton

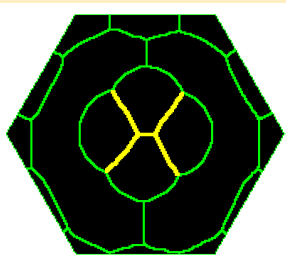


Lecuit & Lenne, Nat. Rev. Mol. Cell Bio. 2007

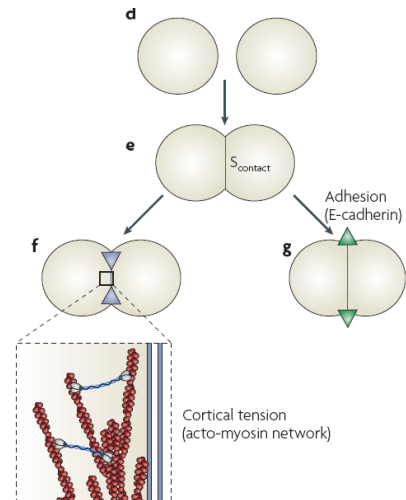
Model 2:

variable tension

- cell tension = contraction – adhesion
- adhesion → spreading
- cortical contraction resists spreading
- contraction depends on contact area
- **feedback:** tension ↔ cell shape



Adhesion and the cortical cytoskeleton

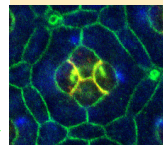
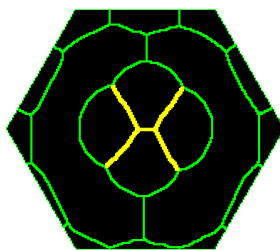


Lecuit & Lenne, Nat. Rev. Mol. Cell Bio. 2007

Model 2:

variable tension

- cell tension = contraction – adhesion
- adhesion \rightarrow spreading
- cortical contraction resists spreading
- contraction depends on contact area
- **feedback:** tension \longleftrightarrow cell shape



Agrees with observations!

Morphogenesis
oo

Drosophila retina
oooo●o

Cell sorting
oooo

Aggregate compression
ooo

Postscript
oo

Tests: mutants

Tests: mutants

Mutation → change only the corresponding parameter?

Tests: mutants

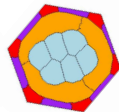
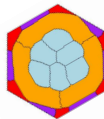
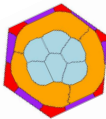
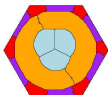
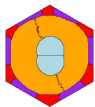
Mutation → change only the corresponding parameter?

Rough eye mutants:

Tests: mutants

Mutation → change only the corresponding parameter?

Rough eye mutants: **Topological** agreement



Tests: mutants

Mutation → change only the corresponding parameter?

Rough eye mutants: **Topological** agreement

Cadherin mutants

Wildtype: **N-cadherin** in cone cells, **E-cadherin** in all cells

Mosaic mutants: **decrease (-)** or **increase (+)** in adhesion

Tests: mutants

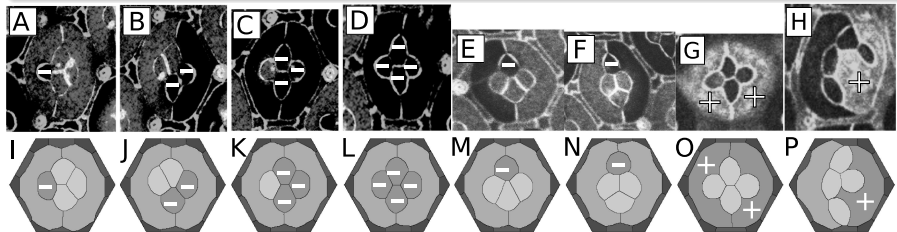
Mutation → change only the corresponding parameter?

Rough eye mutants: **Topological** agreement

Cadherin mutants

Wildtype: **N-cadherin** in cone cells, **E-cadherin** in all cells

Mosaic mutants: **decrease (-)** or **increase (+)** in adhesion



More examples: PNAS, 104:47, p 18549 (2007)

Topological & geometrical agreement

Tests: mutants

Mutation → change only the corresponding parameter?

Rough eye mutants: **Topological** agreement

Cadherin mutants

Wildtype: **N-cadherin** in cone cells, **E-cadherin** in all cells

Mosaic mutants: **decrease (-)** or **increase (+)** in adhesion

wildtype + 22 mutant configurations, 6 parameters

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
○○○○○●

Cell sorting
○○○○

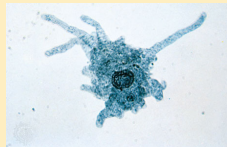
Aggregate compression
○○○

Postscript
○○

Lessons - Part 1

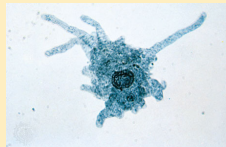
Lessons - Part 1

Cells and bubbles



Lessons - Part 1

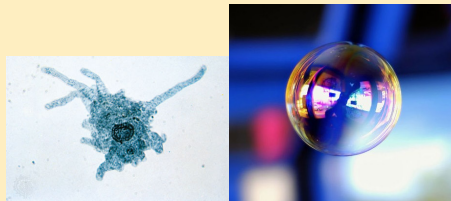
Cells and bubbles



Different physical properties

Lessons - Part 1

Cells and bubbles



Different physical properties

Tissues and foams

Image: M. Asipauskas, SPECTRO

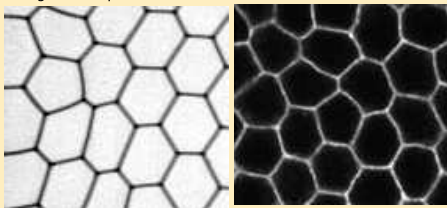
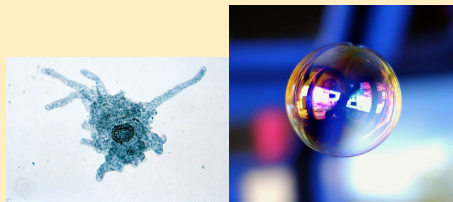


Image: Blankenship et al, Dev. Cell 2006

Lessons - Part 1

Cells and bubbles



Different physical properties

Tissues and foams

Image: M. Asipauskas, SPECTRO

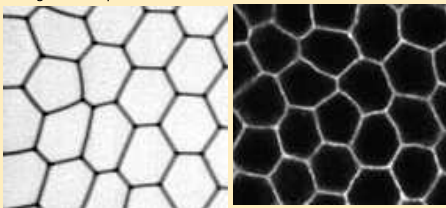
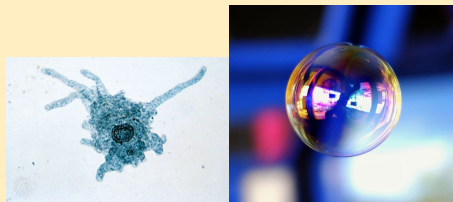


Image: Blankenship et al, Dev. Cell 2006

Analogy on collective level

Lessons - Part 1

Cells and bubbles



Different physical properties

Tissues and foams

Image: M. Asipauskas, SPECTRO

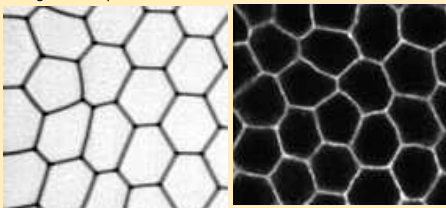


Image: Blankenship et al, Dev. Cell 2006

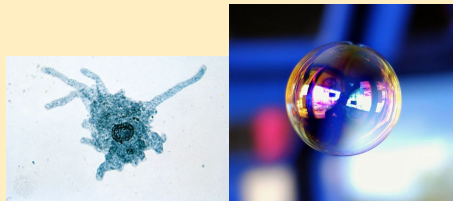
Analogy on collective level

Space tiling pattern:

no gap nor overlap

Lessons - Part 1

Cells and bubbles



Different physical properties

Tissues and foams

Image: M. Asipauskas, SPECTRO

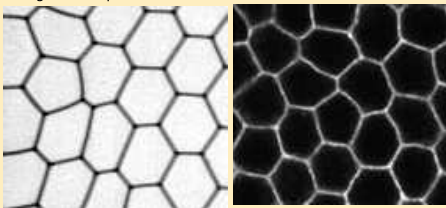


Image: Blankenship et al, Dev. Cell 2006

Analogy on collective level

Space tiling pattern:

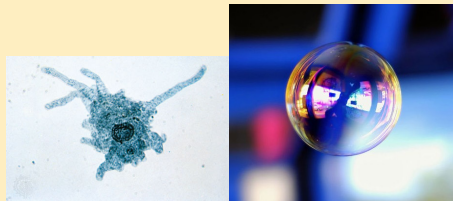
no gap nor overlap

Analogy

Feedback between a cell's shape and its neighbour's shapes

Lessons - Part 1

Cells and bubbles



Different physical properties

Specific for cells

Adhesion and cortical tension
Feedback between shape and tension

Tissues and foams

Image: M. Asipauskas, SPECTRO

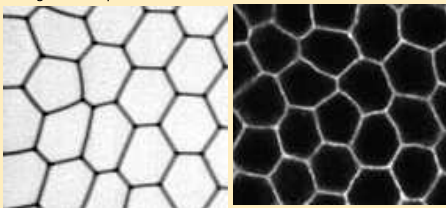


Image: Blankenship et al, Dev. Cell 2006

Analogy on collective level

Space tiling pattern:

no gap nor overlap

Analogy

Feedback between a cell's shape and its neighbour's shapes

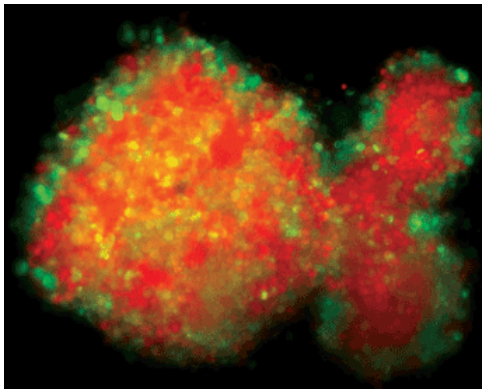
Cell sorting of zebrafish germlayer cells

With M. Krieg & D.J. Müller

Biotec, Technische Universität Dresden,

Y. Arboleda & C.-P. Heisenberg

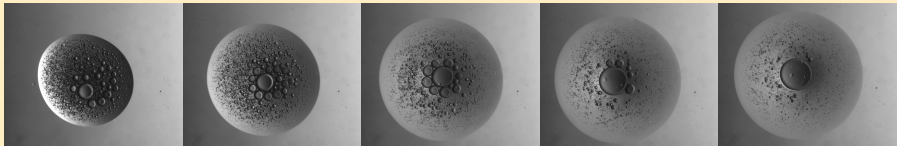
MPI-CBG, Dresden



Cell sorting and liquid phase separation

Cell sorting and liquid phase separation

Demixing of liquids: water and oil

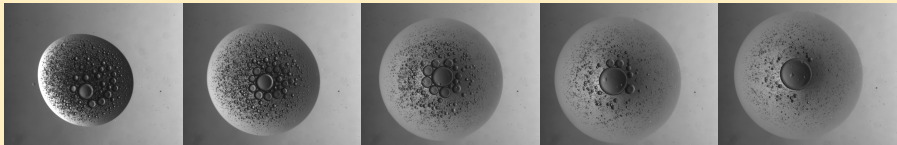


S. Rafai, D. Rabaud, SPECTRO

Water molecules have strongest affinity, and end up in the centre

Cell sorting and liquid phase separation

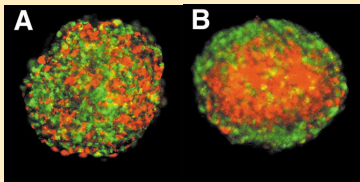
Demixing of liquids: water and oil



S. Rafai, D. Rabaud, SPECTRO

Water molecules have strongest affinity, and end up in the centre

Differential Adhesion Hypothesis (DAH): Steinberg, 1963



Duguay et al, Dev. Biol. 2003

- Different cell types adhere with different strengths
- Cell sorting is like liquid demixing:
weakly adhering cells surround strongly adhering cells

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
○○○○○○○

Cell sorting
○●○○

Aggregate compression
○○○

Postscript
○○

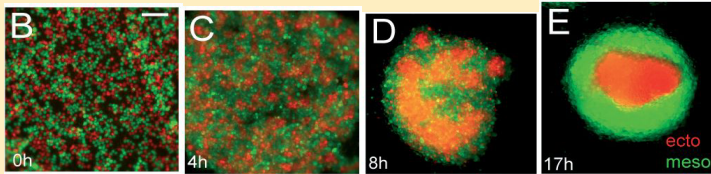
Zebrafish experiments

M. Krieg, Y. Arboleda & C.-P. Heisenberg

Zebrafish experiments

M. Krieg, Y. Arboleda & C.-P. Heisenberg

Cell sorting

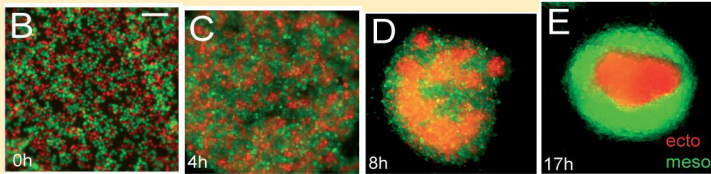


DAH predicts: **ectoderm cells** adhere most

Zebrafish experiments

M. Krieg, Y. Arboleda & C.-P. Heisenberg

Cell sorting



DAH predicts: **ectoderm cells** adhere most

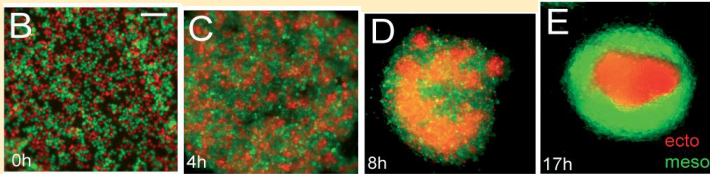
Atomic Force Microscopy - measure cell-cell adhesion pairwise



Zebrafish experiments

M. Krieg, Y. Arboleda & C.-P. Heisenberg

Cell sorting



DAH predicts: **ectoderm cells** adhere most

Atomic Force Microscopy - measure cell-cell adhesion pairwise



mesoderm cells adhere most!
Contradicts DAH!

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
○○○○○○○

Cell sorting
○○●○

Aggregate compression
○○○

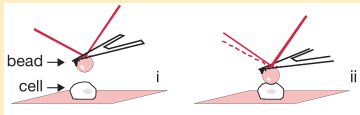
Postscript
○○

Cortex tension

Cortex tension

Alternative explanation?

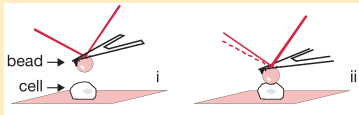
AFM



Cortex tension

Alternative explanation?

AFM

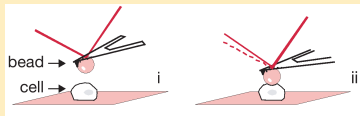


ectoderm cells have higher cortex tension

Cortex tension

Alternative explanation?

AFM



ectoderm cells have higher cortex tension

Simulations

Ectoderm

weak adhesion, high cortex tension

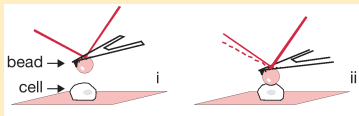
Meso-/Endoderm

strong adhesion, weak tension

Cortex tension

Alternative explanation?

AFM



ectoderm cells have higher cortex tension

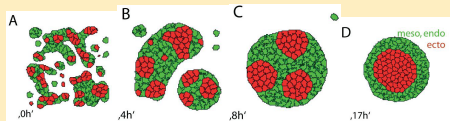
Simulations

Ectoderm

weak adhesion, high cortex tension

Meso-/Endoderm

strong adhesion, weak tension

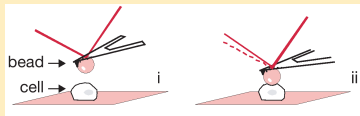


Prediction: only works IF
cortex-tension is interface-specific

Cortex tension

Alternative explanation?

AFM



ectoderm cells have higher cortex tension

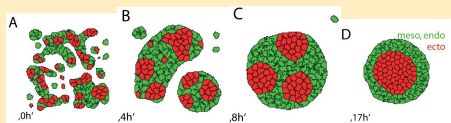
Simulations

Ectoderm

weak adhesion, high cortex tension

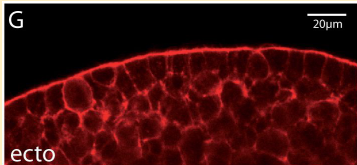
Meso-/Endoderm

strong adhesion, weak tension



Prediction: only works IF
cortex-tension is interface-specific

Test this prediction



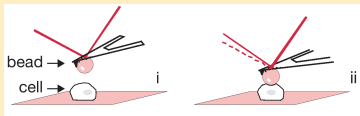
Y. Arboleda, MPI-CBG

Interface-specific density of actin!

Cortex tension

Alternative explanation?

AFM



ectoderm cells have higher cortex tension

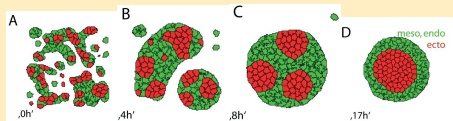
Simulations

Ectoderm

weak adhesion, high cortex tension

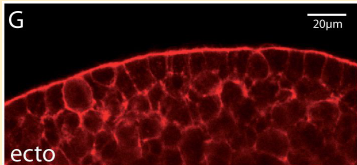
Meso-/Endoderm

strong adhesion, weak tension



Prediction: only works IF
cortex-tension is interface-specific

Test this prediction



Y. Arboleda, MPI-CBG

Interface-specific density of actin!

New hypothesis, beyond DAH

Both adhesion AND cortex tension

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
○○○○○○○

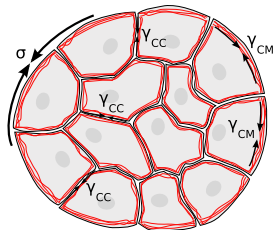
Cell sorting
○○●

Aggregate compression
○○○

Postscript
○○

Lessons - Part 2

Lessons - Part 2

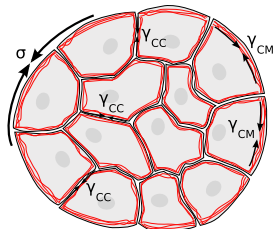


Like liquids

Aggregate surface tension σ determines cell sorting

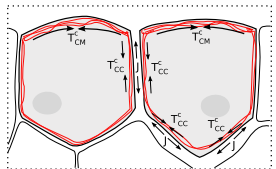
Difference of interfacial energy γ determines σ

Lessons - Part 2



Like liquids

Aggregate surface tension σ determines cell sorting
Difference of interfacial energy γ determines σ



Specific for cells

Interfacial energy $\gamma = \text{contraction } T - \text{adhesion } J$
Differential contraction influences σ and cell sorting

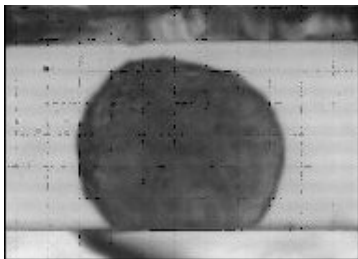
Compression of cell aggregates

With A. Mgharbel, H. Delanoë-Ayari, J.-P. Rieu: experiments

LPMCN, Lyon

P. Marmottant: physical model

SPECTRO, Grenoble



A. Mgharbel, Lyon

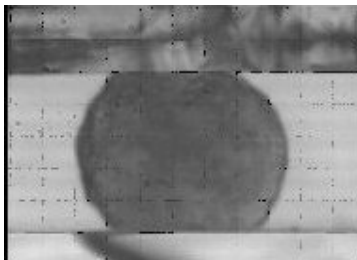
Compression of cell aggregates

With A. Mgharbel, H. Delanoë-Ayari, J.-P. Rieu: experiments

LPMCN, Lyon

P. Marmottant: physical model

SPECTRO, Grenoble



A. Mgharbel, Lyon

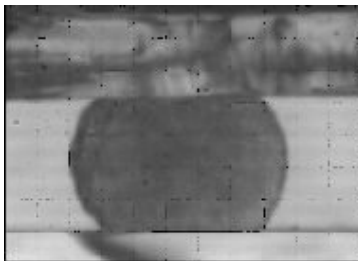
Compression of cell aggregates

With A. Mgharbel, H. Delanoë-Ayari, J.-P. Rieu: experiments

LPMCN, Lyon

P. Marmottant: physical model

SPECTRO, Grenoble



A. Mgharbel, Lyon

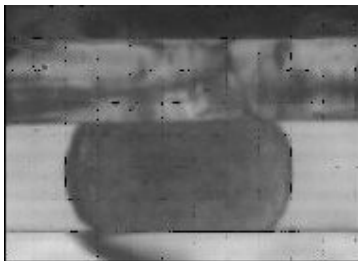
Compression of cell aggregates

With A. Mgharbel, H. Delanoë-Ayari, J.-P. Rieu: experiments

LPMCN, Lyon

P. Marmottant: physical model

SPECTRO, Grenoble



A. Mgharbel, Lyon

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
○○○○○○○

Cell sorting
○○○○

Aggregate compression
●○○

Postscript
○○

Aggregate compression

Aggregate compression

Motivation

Measuring aggregate surface tension

In vitro study of effect of cell properties on collective level

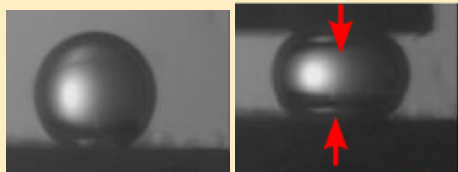
Aggregate compression

Motivation

Measuring aggregate surface tension

In vitro study of effect of cell properties on collective level

Analogy with liquid drops



Norotte et al., Europhys. Lett. 2008

Compression requires **force**

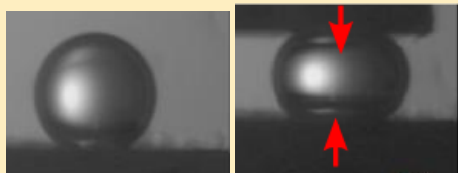
Aggregate compression

Motivation

Measuring aggregate surface tension

In vitro study of effect of cell properties on collective level

Analogy with liquid drops



Norotte et al., Europhys. Lett. 2008

Compression requires **force**

Laplace's law:

surface tension =

pressure difference / curvature

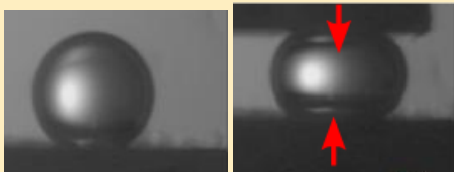
Aggregate compression

Motivation

Measuring aggregate surface tension

In vitro study of effect of cell properties on collective level

Analogy with liquid drops



Norotte et al., Europhys. Lett. 2008

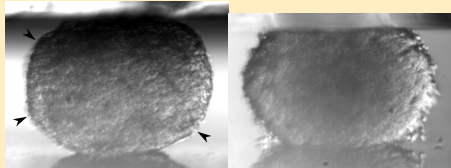
Compression requires **force**

Laplace's law:

surface tension =

pressure difference / curvature

Aggregates



Courtesy A. Mgharbel, LPMCN

Asymmetry

Irregular interface

→ Not completely liquid?

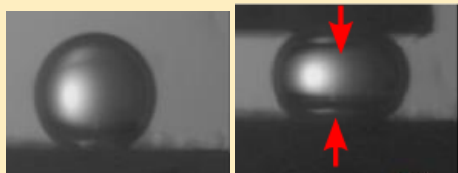
Aggregate compression

Motivation

Measuring aggregate surface tension

In vitro study of effect of cell properties on collective level

Analogy with liquid drops



Norotte et al., Europhys. Lett. 2008

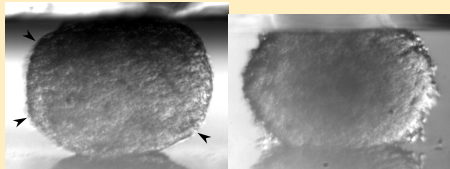
Compression requires **force**

Laplace's law:

surface tension =

pressure difference / curvature

Aggregates



Courtesy A. Mgharbel, LPMCN

Asymmetry

Irregular interface

→ Not completely liquid?

Laplace's law only works for liquids:
throw away these experiments?

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
○○○○○○○

Cell sorting
○○○○

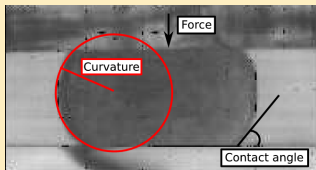
Aggregate compression
●○○

Postscript
○○

Experiments, simulations, model

Experiments, simulations, model

Experiments

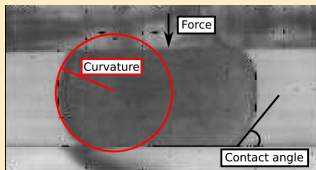


A. Mgharbel, Lyon

Measure force, curvature
Vary cell properties (cell types,
mutants, drugs)

Experiments, simulations, model

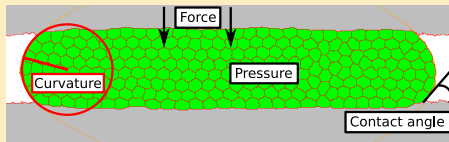
Experiments



A. Mgharbel, Lyon

Measure force, curvature
Vary cell properties (cell types,
mutants, drugs)

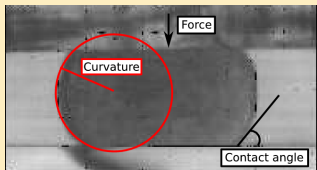
Simulations



Measure force, pressure, curvature
Cell properties are known
Control the parameters one by one

Experiments, simulations, model

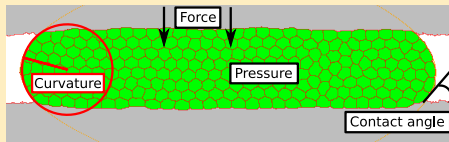
Experiments



A. Mgharbel, Lyon

Measure force, curvature
Vary cell properties (cell types, mutants, drugs)

Simulations



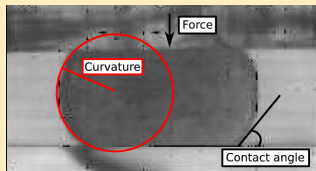
Measure force, pressure, curvature
Cell properties are known
Control the parameters one by one

Physical model

P. Marmottant et al, PNAS 2009 106:17271-17275

Experiments, simulations, model

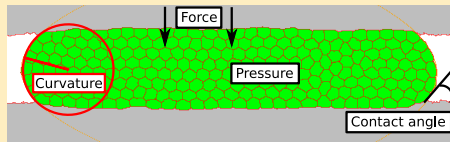
Experiments



A. Mgharbel, Lyon

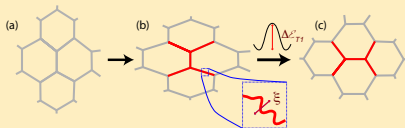
Measure force, curvature
Vary cell properties (cell types, mutants, drugs)

Simulations



Measure force, pressure, curvature
Cell properties are known
Control the parameters one by one

Physical model



P. Marmottant et al, PNAS 2009 106:17271-17275

- Rearrangements
- energy barriers vs fluctuations
- link to cell parameters

$$\tau = 2\tau^* \tanh^{-1} \left[\tanh \left(\frac{\tau_0}{2\tau^*} \right) \exp \left(-\frac{t}{t_c} \right) \right]$$

time over which stress disappears: $t_c \sim \exp \left(\frac{\Delta \epsilon^* \tau_1}{\epsilon} \right)$

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
○○○○○○○

Cell sorting
○○○○

Aggregate compression
○○●

Postscript
○○

Lessons - Part 3

Lessons - Part 3

Physics

Aggregate: from complex liquid to plastic solid - multiple time scales

Need an explicit model for cell rearrangements

→ foam physics: space-tiling without gap nor overlap

Lessons - Part 3

Physics

Aggregate: from complex liquid to plastic solid - multiple time scales

Need an explicit model for cell rearrangements

→ foam physics: space-tiling without gap nor overlap

Cell biology

Adhesion, cortical tension, active fluctuations

Lessons - Part 3

Physics

“The way cells *interact*”

Aggregate: from complex liquid to plastic solid - multiple time scales

Need an explicit model for cell rearrangements

→ foam physics: space-tiling without gap nor overlap

Cell biology

“The way cells *are*”

Adhesion, cortical tension, active fluctuations

Lessons - Part 3

Physics

“The way cells *interact*”

collective

Aggregate: from complex liquid to plastic solid - multiple time scales

Need an explicit model for cell rearrangements

→ foam physics: space-tiling without gap nor overlap

Cell biology

“The way cells *are*”

individual

Adhesion, cortical tension, active fluctuations

Lessons - Part 3

Physics

“The way cells *interact*”

collective

Aggregate: from complex liquid to plastic solid - multiple time scales

Need an explicit model for cell rearrangements

→ foam physics: space-tiling without gap nor overlap

Cell biology

“The way cells *are*”

individual

Adhesion, cortical tension, active fluctuations

Bio-physical model

Allows to answer specific biological questions

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
○○○○○○○

Cell sorting
○○○○

Aggregate compression
○○○

Postscript
●○

Wishes

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
○○○○○○○

Cell sorting
○○○○

Aggregate compression
○○○

Postscript
●○

Wishes

Modeller

Experimentalist

Wishes

Modeller

- Finer - simulations or physical model of intracellular cytoskeleton
- Coarser - physical model (e.g. part 3)
- Time - dynamics of development, cell differentiation

Experimentalist

Wishes

Modeller

- Finer - simulations or physical model of intracellular cytoskeleton
- Coarser - physical model (e.g. part 3)
- Time - dynamics of development, cell differentiation

Experimentalist

Measure individual cells quantitatively

- in vitro
- in vivo

Wishes

Modeller

- Finer - simulations or physical model of intracellular cytoskeleton
- Coarser - physical model (e.g. part 3)
- Time - dynamics of development, cell differentiation

Experimentalist

Measure individual cells quantitatively

- in vitro
- in vivo
- forces, constraints (e.g. laser ablation)
- shape, packing (time-lapse microscopy, 2 & 3D)

Morphogenesis
○○

Drosophila retina
○○○○○○○

Cell sorting
○○○○

Aggregate compression
○○○

Postscript
○●

Combine experiments & computation

Combine experiments & computation

Experimental biology

- Starts with a **complex** organism
- When doesn't it function anymore (knockouts)?
- identify genes, reconstruct pathways, supply hypotheses

Combine experiments & computation

Experimental biology

- Starts with a **complex** organism
- When doesn't it function anymore (knockouts)?
- identify genes, reconstruct pathways, supply hypotheses

Computational biology

- Few, **known** ingredients
- How to get the observed behaviour?
- **Control one** parameter at a time
- look for cause and effect, test hypotheses, predictions

Combine experiments & computation

Experimental biology

- Starts with a **complex** organism
- When doesn't it function anymore (knockouts)?
- identify genes, reconstruct pathways, supply hypotheses
- test predictions

Computational biology

- Few, **known** ingredients
- How to get the observed behaviour?
- **Control one** parameter at a time
- look for cause and effect, test hypotheses, predictions

Combine experiments & computation

Experimental biology

- Starts with a **complex** organism
- When doesn't it function anymore (knockouts)?
- identify genes, reconstruct pathways, supply hypotheses
- test predictions

Disassemble the organism ...

Computational biology

- Few, **known** ingredients
- How to get the observed behaviour?
- **Control one** parameter at a time
- look for cause and effect, test hypotheses, predictions

Combine experiments & computation

Experimental biology

- Starts with a **complex** organism
- When doesn't it function anymore (knockouts)?
- identify genes, reconstruct pathways, supply hypotheses
- test predictions

Disassemble the organism ...

Computational biology

- Few, **known** ingredients
 - How to get the observed behaviour?
 - **Control one** parameter at a time
 - look for cause and effect, test hypotheses, predictions
- and 'compute' it back together

Combine experiments & computation

Experimental biology

- Starts with a
- When doesn't
- anymore (know
- identify genes
- pathways, sup
- test prediction

Disassemble the o

Computational biology

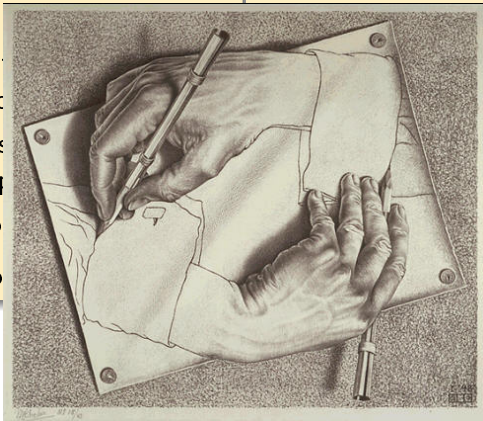
Ingredients

Observed

parameter at a

and effect, test
predictions

back together



M.C. Escher, Drawing hands, 1948

Close collaboration between modellers and experimentalists
Experiments and models progress **together**