

## Summer Workshop on the Reaction Theory Exercise sheet 1

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To be discussed on Friday of Week-I.

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### Classwork

#### Fourier transform of a charge distribution

Consider a spherical symmetric exponential (rest frame) charge distribution in 3 dimensions:

$$\rho_{ch}(r) = \rho_0 e^{-\Lambda r}, \quad (1)$$

where  $\rho_0$  is a constant and  $\Lambda$  is a mass scale.

- (1) Determine  $\rho_0$  in terms of  $\Lambda$  from the normalization condition for the total charge.
- (2) Determine the form factor through the Fourier transform:

$$\tilde{\rho}_{ch}(Q) = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int d^3\vec{r} e^{i\vec{q}\cdot\vec{r}} \rho_{ch}(\vec{r}), \quad (2)$$

where we define  $Q \equiv |\vec{q}|$ .

- (3) Determine the rms radius  $\langle r^2 \rangle$  in terms of  $\Lambda$  from a Taylor expansion:

$$\tilde{\rho}_{ch}(Q) = 1 - \frac{1}{6} \langle r^2 \rangle Q^2 + \mathcal{O}(Q^4). \quad (3)$$

- (4) Discuss the two limiting cases of very small and very large value of  $\Lambda$  (relative to the mass of the system). How does the form factor look in both cases?