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## BIBLIOGRAPHIC NOTES

[SKS97] describes the general concepts and background of database management systems. Overall terminologies about database in this survey paper were adopted from this book. [Har99] covers broad XML and XML related topics: metadata, style languages, and applications. This book was used to understand the meaning of XML before starting to write this survey paper. Overall XML related terminologies were adopted from this book.

Bosak [Bos98] pointed out the common misunderstanding of XML standard and explained the features of the XML. His opinion reflects the description in Chapter 2, the XML part of this survey paper. [CFP00] describes a wide overview of the research directions related to the XML standard. In section 2.1, the authors announced the features of DTD and XML schema and those contents are referred to in Chapter 3 of this survey paper.

[LC00] compares six XML schema languages: DTD, XML Schema, XDR, SOX, Schematron, and DSD. This survey paper covers the most common schemas: DTD and XML schema in section 3.1 and 3.2. [MBR01] suggests an XML schema match algorithm, Cupid. This match algorithm is not for the XML storage as in the section 5.1.4 and 5.1.5 of this survey paper, but for two schemas. The section 2.2 of this survey paper covers the general description of XML Schema.

Bray[Bra01]describedtheconceptofRDFandexamplesofitsusage.Theexplanation ofRDFstructureinsection4.1ofthissurveypaperreflectstheRDFstructuredescription inthispaper.[DMH+00]providestheconceptofthesemanticwebandtherolesofXML andRDFforimplementationofsuchaWeb.ThedifferencesinXMLandRDFusages arereferredtoinsection4.1ofthissurveypaper.Halfhill[Hal99]describedthegeneral purposeandfeaturesofXML.ThevariousmetadatausagesoftheXMLwerealso explained.Thesection4.1ofthissurveypaperreflectstheconceptofRDFinthispaper. XPathversion2.0[XPa01]is inworkingdraftstatus.Version2.0reflectstherequirement ofXQuery.Thesection4.2.1ofsurveypapercoversXPath1.0. [BBB00]describesanimplementedutility,XMLDatabaseManagementSystem,that implementsmappingbetweenobjectmodelsandrelationalschemas.Thepapergivesan ideatowriteintroductorypartofchapter5inthissurveypaper. Levy[Lev99]addedtwo researchissues toWidom'snote[Wid99]:dataintegrationusingXML,andXMLcontext drivingissues.HisdataintegrationusingXMLsectionaffectstheintroductorypartof chapter5inthissurveypaper.[CS01]presentsthesummaryofXMLdatamanipulations inrelationaldatabases.Thispresentationinfluencedchapter5ofthissurveypaperto selectthreemajordatabasesupportingXMLandtounderstandtheirsimpleexamples. Shanmugasundaram'sdissertation[Sha01]covershisresearchofXMLstorageand publishingusingexistingrelationaldatabases.Thechapter3ofthethesisisthesameas [15].HispapergivesbroadviewofXMLandrelationaldatabaseresearch. [Ora01A]providesthemethodsofXMLtechnologiestodevelopsoftwareonOracle9i. TheexamplesanddescriptionsofOracleXMLsupportinsection5.1.1ofthissurvey paperwerepartlyinspiredbythismanual.Thedemonstrationpage[Ora01B]givesa

practical example to leverage the functionalities of an XML object type, XMLType in Oracle9i. This Webpage affected the devising of examples in section 5.1.1 of this survey paper. The Toronto XML Engine (ToX [BBM+01]) is an XML repository with mapping of XML documents into relational or object-oriented databases. Their mapping methods include the two approaches introduced in section 5.1.2 and 5.1.4 of this survey paper. [Sul02] announces the new IBM DB2 release in the second quarter of 2002. The new version will support XQuery for the XML querying. This section 5.1.2 of this survey paper covers XML support in IBM DB2. [Con00] presents the features of XML support on Microsoft SQL Server 2000 with examples. Examples in section 5.1.3 of this survey paper were partly inspired by the examples of this article. Suci [Suc01] pointed out theoretical problems in XML applications in this paper. He discussed the problems within three fields: XML publishing, XML type checking, and XML storage. In XML storage, he announced two methods which are also introduced in section 5.1.4 and 5.1.5 of this survey paper. [BFR+02] introduced an XML storage - LegoDB that provides a mapping algorithm from XML documents to relational database tables. XML query workload is considered as in STORED. While the methods introduced in section 5.1.4 and 5.1.5 of this survey paper are based on DTD, LegoDB uses XML documents defined with XML schema. [SSK+01] suggests a technique that provides a query processor used on different relational schema generations. The technology introduced in section 5.1.5 of this survey paper is the one of core technologies to generate a relational schema. [TVB+02] suggests three methods to reflect the ordered features of the XML document in unordered relational database tables. In this paper, there is an announcement of the Inlining technology described in section 5.1.5 of this survey paper for efficiency in cases

where an XML Schema or DTD exists. Widom [Wid99] described the background of XML on the Web, and research issues show XML affects the database community. She introduced Lore as an XML database system using a semistructured structure, Data Guide. The Section 5.2 reflects her descriptions. Suciu [Suc98] announced the research on semistructured data and its relation to XML. This paper provides another source for the description in section 5.2 of this survey paper.