

**INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS/PROJECT DIRECTORS(PI/PD) and  
co-PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS/co-PROJECT DIRECTORS**

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---

**PI/PD Name:** Geoffrey C Fox

**Gender:**  Male  Female  
**Ethnicity:** (Choose one response)  Hispanic or Latino  Not Hispanic or Latino

**Race:**  
(Select one or more)  
 American Indian or Alaska Native  
 Asian  
 Black or African American  
 Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander  
 White

**Disability Status:**  
(Select one or more)  
 Hearing Impairment  
 Visual Impairment  
 Mobility/Orthopedic Impairment  
 Other \_\_\_\_\_  
 None

**Citizenship:** (Choose one)  U.S. Citizen  Permanent Resident  Other non-U.S. Citizen

**Check here if you do not wish to provide any or all of the above information (excluding PI/PD name):**

**REQUIRED: Check here if you are currently serving (or have previously served) as a PI, co-PI or PD on any federally funded project**

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**PI/PD Name:** Andrea Donnellan

**Gender:**  Male  Female  
**Ethnicity:** (Choose one response)  Hispanic or Latino  Not Hispanic or Latino

**Race:**  
(Select one or more)  
 American Indian or Alaska Native  
 Asian  
 Black or African American  
 Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander  
 White

**Disability Status:**  
(Select one or more)  
 Hearing Impairment  
 Visual Impairment  
 Mobility/Orthopedic Impairment  
 Other \_\_\_\_\_  
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**PI/PD Name:** Roscoe C Giles

**Gender:**  Male  Female  
**Ethnicity:** (Choose one response)  Hispanic or Latino  Not Hispanic or Latino

**Race:**  
(Select one or more)  
 American Indian or Alaska Native  
 Asian  
 Black or African American  
 Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander  
 White

**Disability Status:**  
(Select one or more)  
 Hearing Impairment  
 Visual Impairment  
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**PI/PD Name:** David H Laidlaw

**Gender:**  Male  Female  
**Ethnicity:** (Choose one response)  Hispanic or Latino  Not Hispanic or Latino

**Race:**  
(Select one or more)  
 American Indian or Alaska Native  
 Asian  
 Black or African American  
 Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander  
 White

**Disability Status:**  
(Select one or more)  
 Hearing Impairment  
 Visual Impairment  
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**PI/PD Name:** John B Rundle

**Gender:**  Male  Female  
**Ethnicity:** (Choose one response)  Hispanic or Latino  Not Hispanic or Latino

**Race:**  
(Select one or more)  
 American Indian or Alaska Native  
 Asian  
 Black or African American  
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## CERTIFICATION PAGE

### Certification for Principal Investigators and Co-Principal Investigators:

I certify to the best of my knowledge that:

- (1) the statements herein (excluding scientific hypotheses and scientific opinions) are true and complete, and  
 (2) the text and graphics herein as well as any accompanying publications or other documents, unless otherwise indicated, are the original work of the signatories or individuals working under their supervision. I agree to accept responsibility for the scientific conduct of the project and to provide the required progress reports if an award is made as a result of this application.

I understand that the willful provision of false information or concealing a material fact in this proposal or any other communication submitted to NSF is a criminal offense (U.S.Code, Title 18, Section 1001).

Name (Typed)	Signature	Social Security No.*	Date
PI/PD <b>Geoffrey C Fox</b>		*ON FASTLANE SUBMISSIONS* SSNs are confidential and are not displayed	
Co-PI/PD <b>Andrea Donnellan</b>			
Co-PI/PD <b>Roscoe C Giles</b>			
Co-PI/PD <b>David H Laidlaw</b>			
Co-PI/PD <b>John B Rundle</b>			

### Certification for Authorized Organizational Representative or Individual Applicant:

By signing and submitting this proposal, the individual applicant or the authorized official of the applicant institution is: (1) certifying that statements made herein are true and complete to the best of his/her knowledge; and (2) agreeing to accept the obligation to comply with NSF award terms and conditions if an award is made as a result of this application. Further, the applicant is hereby providing certifications regarding Federal debt status, debarment and suspension, drug-free workplace, and lobbying activities (see below), as set forth in Grant Proposal Guide (GPG), NSF 00-2. Willful provision of false information in this application and its supporting documents or in reports required under an ensuring award is a criminal offense (U. S. Code, Title 18, Section 1001).

In addition, if the applicant institution employs more than fifty persons, the authorized official of the applicant institution is certifying that the institution has implemented a written and enforced conflict of interest policy that is consistent with the provisions of Grant Policy Manual Section 510; that to the best of his/her knowledge, all financial disclosures required by that conflict of interest policy have been made; and that all identified conflicts of interest will have been satisfactorily managed, reduced or eliminated prior to the institution's expenditure of any funds under the award, in accordance with the institution's conflict of interest policy. Conflict which cannot be satisfactorily managed, reduced or eliminated must be disclosed to NSF.

#### Debt and Debarment Certifications

(If answer "yes" to either, please provide explanation.)

Is the organization delinquent on any Federal debt?

Yes

No

Is the organization or its principals presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency?

Yes

No

#### Certification Regarding Lobbying

This certification is required for an award of a Federal contract, grant, or cooperative agreement exceeding \$100,000 and for an award of a Federal loan or a commitment providing for the United States to insure or guarantee a loan exceeding \$150,000.

#### Certification for Contracts, Grants, Loans and Cooperative Agreements

The undersigned certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

(1) No federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

(3) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

AUTHORIZED ORGANIZATIONAL REPRESENTATIVE	SIGNATURE	DATE
NAME/TITLE (TYPED) <b>Pat Maybin</b>		<b>01/03/00</b>
TELEPHONE NUMBER <b>850-644-8948</b>	ELECTRONIC MAIL ADDRESS <b>pmaybin@mailer.fsu.edu</b>	FAX NUMBER <b>850-644-1464</b>

\*SUBMISSION OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS IS VOLUNTARY AND WILL NOT AFFECT THE ORGANIZATION'S ELIGIBILITY FOR AN AWARD. HOWEVER, THEY ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE INFORMATION SYSTEM AND ASSIST IN PROCESSING THE PROPOSAL. SSN SOLICITED UNDER NSF ACT OF 1950, AS AMENDED.

# Information Infrastructure for Distributed Collaborative Science applied to Earthquake Analysis

**Principal Investigator:** Geoffrey Fox (Florida State University)

**Co-Investigators:** Andrea Donnellan (USC/JPL), Roscoe Giles (Boston), David Laidlaw (Brown), John Rundle (Colorado)

**Senior Personnel:** Jill Andrews (USC/SCEC), Yehuda Ben-Zion (USC), Gregory Beroza (Stanford), Lisa Grant (UC Irvine), Tom Henyey (USC/SCEC), Tom Jordan (MIT), Hiroo Kanamori (Caltech), William Klein (Boston), Jean-Bernard Minster (Scripps, UCSD), James Rice (Harvard), Charles Sammis (USC), Terry Tullis (Brown)

**Collaborating Government Organizations:** DoE Los Alamos, NASA JPL, USGS

**International Collaboration:** APEC International Cooperation for Earthquake Simulation (ACES)

## Motivation and Project Team

We present a project of the GEM (General Earthquake Models) community involving 11 universities and 3 unfunded government partners, which addresses the computer science issues in building an information infrastructure to support the full range of activities of a modern scientific research field. The importance of and general role of modern information infrastructure for distributed scientific research has been understood for some time and tremendous progress has been made over the last few years. In particular distributed object and web technology has enabled access to and sharing of both data and simulations over time and distance. However there are many fundamental issues to be studied both from computer science (how should we build collaborative scientific environments and what are the needed services) and application science (what changes in the scientific method and what are the application requirements and impact) points of view. The unsolved research issues include the support of real time interactions between people, computer simulations, instruments and other information resources. However perhaps even more importantly we must support fundamental theory which develops over a time period of many years – often longer than the life of today’s web on which we build the supporting information infrastructure. This proposal builds an interdisciplinary team where we focus on both the general computer science issues and one particular application area -- that of earthquake analysis and simulation. This application area is both important and needs a rich variety of worldwide services with time scales from seconds to centuries. The computer science research will be generalizable to other application areas using the existing collaborations and broad expertise of the proposal team. The earthquake area will focus on the needs of scientific research but the environments we create will be extensible to support the general needs of earthquake crisis teams with distributed interactions between control rooms, field personnel and experts responding to real time data streams.

1) **Computer Science Research:** We will build an information structure for a full application area from “scratch” using systematically distributed objects and services. We will research the appropriate architecture and base infrastructure for key services: real-time HPCC, multi-sensor scientific data, scientific datamining, visualization and collaboration. We hypothesize that building such an integrated web-based collaborative portal CPW (Collaborative Portal on the Web) will lead to a productive scientific environment with a single infrastructure supporting multiple timeframes. We will iterate short (around 6 month) prototyping efforts with test and evaluation. This modular construction approach fits today’s rapid evolution in technology on “Internet Time”.

2) **Application Effort:** We have identified three typical timeframes linking distributed scientists, data and simulations and these will be implemented as prototype collaborative environments using both existing and new application codes. With government partners (JPL, USC/SCEC, and USGS), we will link to the major earthquake sensor systems as part of the computational environments. We will include theoretical and observational scientific data analysis in the timeframes in both real-time decision support and more asynchronous collaboration modes.

3) **Outreach:** We will leverage the existing broad and successful outreach program of USC/SCEC, which will link us both to the public (for education), and to the state and federal emergency services. This effort will develop specific educational modules based on GEM work.



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For font size and page formatting specifications, see GPG section II.C.

Section	Total No. of Pages in Section	Page No.* (Optional)*
Cover Sheet (NSF Form 1207 - Submit Page 2 with original proposal only)		
A Project Summary (not to exceed 1 page)	1	_____
B Table of Contents (NSF Form 1359)	1	_____
C Project Description (including Results from Prior NSF Support) (not to exceed 15 pages) <b>(Exceed only if allowed by a specific program announcement/solicitation or if approved in advance by the appropriate NSF Assistant Director or designee)</b>	5	_____
D References Cited	2	_____
E Biographical Sketches (Not to exceed 2 pages each)	31	_____
F Budget (NSF Form 1030, including up to 3 pages of budget justification)	4	_____
G Current and Pending Support (NSF Form 1239)	0	_____
H Facilities, Equipment and Other Resources (NSF Form 1363)	0	_____
I Special Information/Supplementary Documentation	0	_____
J Appendix (List below. ) <b>(Include only if allowed by a specific program announcement/ solicitation or if approved in advance by the appropriate NSF Assistant Director or designee)</b>	_____	_____
Appendix Items:		

\*Proposers may select any numbering mechanism for the proposal, however, the entire proposal must be paginated. Complete both columns only if the proposal is numbered consecutively.

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## 1. Motivation and Project Overview

The importance of simulating earthquakes is intuitively obvious. For instance, the recent January 16, 1995 Kobe, Japan earthquake was only a magnitude 6.9 event and yet produced an estimated \$200 billion loss. Despite an active earthquake prediction program in Japan, this event was a complete surprise. Drastic scenarios similar to those reported this year in Turkey and Taiwan are possible and indeed eventually likely in Los Angeles, San Francisco, Seattle, and other urban centers around the Pacific plate boundary. Over the last three years, we have built a team of Computer and Earthquake scientists from academia and government to initiate a program GEM "General Earthquake Models" [17], aimed at applying the latest computational technology in this area. This thrust contributes to the nationally identified importance of developing new approaches to Geoscience involving advanced instrumentation (EarthScope) and computing. Earthscope is an NSF/EAR/MRE initiative to develop extensive new networks of sensors in the western United States to monitor all aspects of earthquake phenomenology. As yet, there is no corresponding, comprehensive modeling and simulation initiative, a void, which the GEM collaboration proposes to fill. The GEM group includes representatives of several universities (11 are involved in this proposal), multiple government agencies and laboratories (DoE, NASA, NSF, USGS) and is coordinated with the major NSF Southern California Earthquake Center (SCEC) in this area whose outreach services we will use. There is substantial international interest in these problems and GEM works closely with an effort ACES (APEC Co-operation for earthquake Simulation [3]) among several Asia-Pacific nations including Australia, Taiwan, Japan, China, and the USA. This includes Japan's ambitious *Earth Simulator* project involving a 30 teraflop parallel computer and a correspondingly major software and science research effort [23]. Current funding for GEM is at the level of \$100K/year from the NSF/SCEC and NSF/EAR, which has allowed important seed projects on which we build.

Earthquake science spans many scales in space and time and needs simulation techniques from partial differential equation, particle dynamics and statistical physics using concepts such as "correlation length" and "critical state" in understanding regional seismicity. GEM can impact all of these from real-time analysis of scientific data from an earthquake; the systematic longer term integration of data from multiple sensors into simulations and the fundamental study of earthquakes as an emergent phenomena in a complex system. This field is an attractive target for computer science due to the intrinsic richness of the applications and the societal importance and also because the use of computers is not yet too extensive and so modern approaches and infrastructure can be used without major distraction from existing legacy approaches. The field is naturally distributed with sensors, scientists and earthquakes scattered around the globe. Thus there is an immediate application of emerging concepts such as computational grids to link large-scale simulations, data and people in a distributed fashion. The computer science research focuses on the issues on building an integrated information infrastructure that can support collaborative distributed scientific research over a range of time scales and computational needs. The work in tools and distributed systems will be driven by three application area timeframes characterized by time scales of hours (post earthquake analysis), 6-12 months (data assimilation and development of new earthquake forecasting approaches) and ten years (fundamental theory). The work will contribute to earth science research in these three timeframes and to computational science where we have defined five thrust areas; distributed collaborative (shared) scientific objects, HPC simulations including new uses of fast multipole techniques, multi-sensor metadata, data and simulation visualization, and interactive scientific datamining for earthquake pattern analysis. We give a more detailed discussion of the three application timeframes and the five computational science thrust areas after a brief discussion of some earth science issues. The preproposal ends with outreach and management sections.

## 2. Understanding Earthquakes

There are a variety of valid approaches to trying to understand earthquakes through modeling and data interpretation and GEM intends to be involved in a wide range of them, since it is not clear that any one will provide the best approach for any or all purposes. Perhaps all workers feel that at some level earthquakes might be regarded as either a stochastic nonlinear system, or an example of deterministic chaos, but there is a wide range of opinion concerning whether it is better to focus on the chaotic aspect, the stochastic behavior, or the deterministic properties. One view might be that it is impossible to ever know all of the relevant variables affecting their size, timing, and character of an earthquake, and that this means that we might as well give up trying to understand the physics at any detailed level. Another view, to which we tend to subscribe, is that earthquakes fall broadly into one of several universality classes, whose behavior is governed by one of a small number of fixed points. If this is the case, it will be possible to obtain fundamental understanding of the broad behavior of the system even if the details remain obscure. One can then focus on looking at patterns in earthquake occurrence in both real earthquakes and in earthquake simulations as an optimal way to gain understanding.

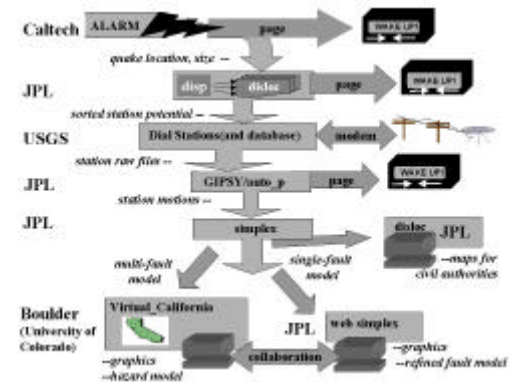
### 3 GEM Application Timeframes

#### 3.1 Project Methodology

We have divided the earthquake science activity into three teams corresponding to *modus operandi* (timeframes) with (superficially) very different requirements for the supporting computational infrastructure. Each timeframe captures an aspect of earthquake science that contributes to a core understanding of the field. We will support each timeframe with the same integrated information system and test and evaluate this with special attention to the successful enabling of new and more effective models of collaborative scientific research. We will of course feed lessons back into both computer science and earthquake science and compare with related activities on an ongoing basis. The 3 timeframes are described in more detail in following sections.

#### 3.2 Timeframe 1 (minutes/hours): Real Time Science and Data Analysis after an Earthquake

Here we collect together the types of activity exemplified in the figure, which shows how decisions are made in real time as to what data should be gathered and fed into simulations that can aid both the forecasting of possible aftershocks and suggest which further data will be useful. The flow of actions moves down the figure starting with initial notification of an earthquake and followed by decisions as to which data to gather. At the bottom, we have iterative integration of simulations with the earthquake data. We have started to build a Problem Solving Environment enabling this type of interaction with synchronous interaction between the world wide distributed scientists, simulations and data visualizations. However, this effort is in its infancy and the support of this ITR proposal could bring it into a useful reality. Note we are restricting our attention to interactions between scientists but many of the tools and concepts can be applied to support the work of crisis management teams.



#### 3.3 Timeframe 2 (month/years): HPC Simulations and Data Integration

Achieving the goals of GEM and for instance meeting the challenge of Sec. 3.4 for theoretical understanding, will require the ability to simulate models on time and size scales presently unattainable, and to compare data sets from different models with each other and with observations of real faults. To accomplish these goals we will develop and refine both efficient algorithms such as fast multipole methods and explore acceleration techniques. For initial efforts we propose to develop a standard set of real data for calibration of models or comparison with results of simulations. By using the same real data set for all models and simulations we facilitate comparison of model effectiveness and establish real (rather than theoretical) performance standards for simulation results.

Note that earthquake science is benefiting from the rapid increase in quality and type of data and this is driving the urgent need for new GEM information infrastructure. GPS, InSAR and broadband seismic (TERRASCOPE) data, together with archived (in particular by the SCEC Data Center) and newly developed paleoseismic data can be used in conjunction with the simulation capabilities to establish the relevant model parameters. These parameters include, for example, the current geometry of faults; slip rates at any known point; recurrence intervals and historic variations in slip during earthquakes—leading to estimates of frictional parameters; deformation data leading to estimates of elastic plate thickness and sub-crustal stress; and so forth. Typically, different investigators are expert in the different types of data and a much improved collaborative environment is needed to integrate the different data together. The data is of course critical for earthquake understanding, especially now with the existence of only rudimentary models.

Several of the computer science activities directly support this scenario. We are designing systematic (XML based) metadata for the diverse data types; integrating parallel fast multipole methods into several simulations and designing visualization methods that will support effective viewing of the different data sets.

#### 3.4 Timeframe 3 (years/decade): Fundamental Theory and Complex Systems

The primary goal of the theoretical research is to integrate current earthquake modeling approaches into a more general, comprehensive model, and to provide a theoretical framework through which the data generated by simulating this model can be understood. We expect that this model will cover time scales from seconds, the time associated with a rupture, to centuries, the scale of strain accumulation and release. In addition, this model will contain most of the aspects of real faults; characteristics of wave propagation, frictional behavior and fault interaction will be included. We hope to generate an understanding of earthquakes as a collective effect and relate the structure of quakes and their precursors to related complex systems. In order to develop such a model we need to understand the essential features of fault systems and how omission of selected features affects the physics obtained

from the model. This requires an investigation of a wide range of models to ascertain which aspects of the physics are robust and which aspects rely on model detail. Current models range from cellular automaton versions of single faults, to slider block and elastodynamic models with various friction forces, to stochastic models of fault systems. Each model provides insight into different, but overlapping aspects of fault dynamics.

Implementing this investigation will require the ability to simulate these models on time and size scales presently unattainable, and to compare data sets from different models with each other and with observations of real faults. This requires largely asynchronous collaboration with a sophisticated PSE that can support the rich range of model and data. The PSE will be used for both validation and assimilation. An area of growing importance is scientific datamining from both physical data and simulations to decide what are patterns that could signal a quake and what simplified coarse grain dynamics could describe these patterns [41, 35, 36]. Support of this will be an important thrust of our proposed GEM Information infrastructure.

## **4 Computer and Computational Science**

### **4.1 Basic Distributed Object Information Technology Architecture**

Problem Solving Environments (PSE) have been pursued for many years with the work at Purdue [21] pioneering many important concepts. The increasing power of computers and the increasing capability of distributed object and web technologies are making this approach increasingly attractive for users and system builders. One uses the “Object Web” (CORBA, COM, Java, XML etc.) and a browser based user interface to provide a single integrated view or portal [9] to the resources and tools needed by the scientist. In this proposal we focus on the issues needed to design a single information infrastructure to support multiple timeframes i.e. the development of multiple PSE’s built from the same resources. We start with the successful Gateway and WebFlow systems [1,14,15] developed at Syracuse and applied to several DoD and NSF projects. These have a classic three-tier architecture with client, brokers/servers and services in the three layers. High performance is obtained even while using Java and CORBA in the middle tier, by careful separation of control and data. The middle tier provides a flexible control layer implemented with proxies and traditional high performance mechanisms such as Globus [18] and MPI are used for data transfer in the backend. This WebFlow distributed object technology has a powerful dataflow and coarse grain object computing model with all interfaces defined in XML and compatible with community activities [9,19]. In this sense it is more powerful than the earlier NILE system [26] while it is less ambitious than the Common Component Architecture [8], Legion [24] and POOMA [28], which provide a fine grain, object model. Gateway is fully consistent with commodity standards (CORBA and XML) and therefore suitable for the ambitious project proposed here which aims to provide an information infrastructure for a complete application area in three radically different timeframes.

We will implement early prototypes of the information infrastructure on Gateway but expect that one can better use one of the emerging set of “Object Web operating systems” such as E-Speak [12] or Ninja [27] as the basic framework. We will investigate these new possibilities over the next few months. The following sections 4.2 to 4.6 describe activities that provide resources and tools (services) that will be integrated into the Gateway systems and presented as the different portals to the scientists working in the three timeframes of section 3. One research result of this project will be an evaluation of different object web architectures and operating infrastructure in terms of their ability to support scientific PSE’s.

### **4.2 Real-Time HPCC Simulations**

Here we use the best known HPCC techniques with optimizations for both the real time needs of the first timeframe and the conventional large-scale analysis of the timeframe of Sec. 3.4. This domain is data-intensive and we expect to make extensive use of the resources and methodology developed by NPACI in this area [25]. Minster on our proposal is Earth Systems Science lead for NPACI. We are also developing collaborations with the Maui Supercomputer Center [28].

An early result of the seed funding for the GEM collaboration was the realization that fast multipole methods could be applied to many of the Green’s function simulations [31-34,37]. As the complexity decreases from  $N^2$  to  $N \log N$ , this dramatically increases the simulation resolution with the maximum number  $N$  of elements moving from some tens of thousands to the many millions possible with multipoles on a fast parallel machine. We chose to work from a portable code developed by Salmon and Warren over the last few years [42]. Adapting this approach to our problem has the potential of both allowing realistic problems in fault mechanics to be investigated for the first time as well as presenting the opportunity for innovative modifications to be made to the fast multipole approach. For example, the Green’s functions in our fault mechanics problem fall off as  $1/r^3$ , a faster falloff than in the situations in which the multipole approach has typically been used. Another important difference is that the multipoles are fixed in position but of variable intensity in earthquakes but have the opposite characteristics in

astrophysics. We will develop the appropriate new ansatz's, especially in situations of complex fault geometry, to determine both the order and geometry of the multipoles that are best used.

#### **4.3 Multi-sensor Metadata**

A team from JPL has already begun to design prototype XML based metadata [5,25,43] for some of the sensor-based data and we have used this in our early PSE mentioned in Sec. 3.2. As part of this project, we will extend this design to sensor, field and simulation data in a way that we can use it to integrate different data sources into our collaboration, visualization and assimilation tools. Our PSE environment [1] fully supports XML for job and data definition and its dataflow paradigm will allow files with compatible metadata to be exchanged between application components. This will require a hierarchical metadata design and the construction of services based on available XML tools to process data in the different parts of the computational environment. This activity will be linked to related work in our arena (e.g. the Grid Forum [19], NCSA and NPACI) and so be important in designing science wide approaches to metadata.

#### **4.4 Data and Simulation Visualization**

One of the aspects of the GEM community and research that is interesting from a science systems perspective (the meta-topic of "how to do science effectively") is the enormous heterogeneity of the data used by earthquake modelers. A major challenge of visualization in this proposal is to create methods of integrating the very different kinds of data and supporting their visualization with a common toolkit. Collaborative visualization will be needed and here we will base our approach on experiments Java systems developed in TangoInteractive [40] and the interesting general analyses of UNC [30] and Wood [44]

A variety of approaches will be investigated for scientific visualization of the data produced by simulations and observations. Because such data in the realm of earthquake processes involves both space and time, we plan to explore using volume rendering with time as a third axis for situations where the spatial coordinates can be adequately represented in the other two dimensions. Adoption of suitable thresholds for transparency of portions of the data set should allow the most interesting portions to be viewed and better understood. We plan to use the new NSF MRI-funded "cave" immersive virtual reality environment (The TAN Cube) at Brown University and similar three dimensional representations to view such models. This environment offers the opportunity to monitor the progress of a computation in real time by simultaneous visualization and computation. We will evaluate whether it is feasible or desirable to steer the computation and/or the visualization of it interactively during simultaneous computation and visualization in order to focus inspection and/or computing resources on the areas that are most interesting.

As discussed in sec. 3.3, an important component of our research will involve comparing simulations and observations. We will focus on ways to evaluate how well the simulations match the data, and we will investigate whether visualization can play an important role in this. For example visual comparisons of simulations and of data for synthetic cases with known degrees of goodness of fit can be rated for the quality of the agreement by teams of observers – including collaborating over a distance. These subjective evaluations can be compared with a variety of statistical measures of agreement to determine the accuracy of the visual perception. Teams of observers with different degrees of experience in the subject matter will be employed to discover how training affects the quality of the evaluation. One possible advantage of the use of visualization to compare simulations with observations is that if it proves to be as reliable as statistical tests, it may be more suitable for comparison in situations where devising appropriate statistical tests is more difficult.

#### **4.5 Interactive Scientific Datamining**

Recently a combination of simulation and observational data has been used to identify patterns that could be helpful in forecasting earthquakes [41, 35, 36]. This approach uses techniques first developed in the climate field and computationally involves matrix (eigenvector) analysis combined with visualization of geographic data related in a particular eigenpattern. This initial success highlights the role of scientific datamining as the appropriate way to generalize the classic earthquake related phenomenology to the proposed information infrastructure with many orders of magnitude more data from diverse sources and the corresponding need for a systematic approach. The datamining needs to exploit the hierarchical XML metadata structure proposed in Sec 4.3 and link to the visualization of the last section. Collaborative discussion of possible forecasting approaches (datamining methods and results) seems important. Thus we intend to build a collaboration-aware Java analysis system which can support access to data from simulations and observations and the type of computationally modest calculations found helpful so far. The computer science research will evaluate other data mining approaches and integrate them into the interactive analysis environment as either client side or backend computational resource. Research issues include architecture and integration of scientific datamining in a collaborative object based environment. We can expect interesting datamining algorithms to be needed in this relatively new field. For instance the initial work [41] found

signal to noise was greatly enhanced by assuming that the system is a pure phase dynamical system, ignoring changes in state vector normalization.

#### **4.6 Collaboration over ranges of Distance and Time**

We have found a mix of success and failure with initial collaborative systems such as Microsoft NetMeeting, NCSA's Habanero [20] and Syracuse's TangoInteractive [40]. Higher speed networking and quality of service will address some of the difficulties such as variable quality in digital audio video conferencing; here we track the ANL/NCSA Access Grid project. We have been quite successful in educational applications but have yet to develop collaborative computing applications which are both robust and of compelling value. We will use the existing collaboration systems in early experiments but we intend to build much of the collaborative infrastructure from scratch replacing custom protocols and services by those available from infrastructure like Ninja [27]. The timeframes in our proposal illustrates a critical challenge for collaboration systems – namely supporting asynchronous interactions (timeframe 3), real-time synchronous (timeframe 1) and mixtures thereof (timeframe 2). Our web-based PSE approach implies that collaboration is a service that shares web-based distributed objects. However we also need to support several collaborative modes; shared display and both collaboration-aware and collaboration-unaware shared event models. Previous systems have focussed on one of these mechanisms and have not been able to support the needed range of collaboration. Initially we will support these different modes with separate subsystems but will replace this by an integrated system CPW (Collaborative Portal on the Web) based on a generalized shared queued event service. This terminology indicates that our approach is to build first a portal with collaboration as one its services; this will be implemented using XML systematically to define the details of the collaboration and the portal infrastructure (e.g. Ninja's event service) as the building blocks of the collaborative system. We believe this will integrate collaboration directly into the scientific analysis and make it more useful than before.

### **5 Outreach**

We are fortunate to be able to leverage the very successful SCEC [38] outreach program led by Jill Andrews whose mission is to promote earthquake loss reduction and to actively engage the public at large in activities that focus on earthquake-related education, research-based technology development and transfer, and systemic reform. Enhancing current SCEC-funded Web-based education modules now under construction by Andrews and Donnellan [39] with GEM material will complement this general goal. Because the education standards of today strongly encourage an inquiry-based, accessible approach to learning science, this SCEC work has met with enthusiastic acceptance among reviewers from the California Science Implementation Network. The first module on Investigating Earthquakes through Regional Seismicity, along with a second module on Global Positioning Systems (GPS) technology, created at an upper division high school / lower division college level, are being adapted to middle school curricula. A partnership with the GEM principal investigators will certainly enhance the material presented in the existing modules. As a first activity for this proposal we will create a mathematically-oriented Web-based module, using GEM as the illustrative example. This will acquaint high school instructors and students with the concept of an integrated approach to solving computational challenges, and to lead them through an exercise to produce their own earthquake forecast (probability) models.

### **6 Management and Budget**

The management plan is based on our substantial experience with three large NSF center activities – SCEC (Science and Technology center in earthquake science), CRPC (Science and Technology Center for Research in Parallel Computing), and the NCSA Alliance (PACI Partnership in Advanced Computational Infrastructure). There is an overall GEM management structure similar to these activities, which will support this proposal as the major computer science activity with other projects mainly aimed directly at Earth Science. The proposal itself is divided into nine teams, whose leaders form a technical committee, covering the three application areas of Sec. 3, the five computer science thrusts of Sec. 4 and outreach described in Sec. 5. The principal investigators of the proposal will form a steering group that will review important project decisions and interface between the GEM executive board and the technical committee. GEM already meets approximately four times per year, often together with synergistic activities such as SCEC or AGU meetings. We will link the proposal technical discussions and workshops to this meeting series. We propose a total budget of \$800K per year for a period of three years. This budget is split roughly equally between computer/computational science work at Boston, Brown, Florida State and USC and Earth Science activities. There is \$65K per year in the outreach work led by SCEC/USC. SCEC will play an important management role on the earth science side as USC already has mechanisms to subcontract without overhead and we will use this for the smaller Earth Science sites.

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Plate Boundary Observatory steering committee (1999–present)

General Earthquake Models (GEM) program planning committee co-chair (1998–present)

Convenor NSF/NASA Sponsored Autonomous Systems in Extreme Environments Workshop (1999)

AGU 2000 and 2001 Spring Meeting program committee geodesy section chair-elect (2000) and chair (2001)

AGU Geodesy representative for education and outreach (1999)

GEM Data committee co-chair (1999–present)

SCEC Crustal Deformation Working Group (1993–present)

SCIGN Coordinating Board and associated committees (SCEC rep: 1994–1998; NASA rep: 1999–present)

AGU Geodesy Section educational outreach representative (1999)

UNAVCO Field Operations Working Group, Chair (1995–1997)

Member American Geophysical Union (1986–present)

Development Oversight of SCEC GPS Educational Modules (1996–present)

Panel member National Earthquake Hazards Reduction Program External Research Program (1994–1999)

### **Awards**

Southern California Earthquake Center Outreach Award for Education (1998)

Presidential Early Career Award for Scientists and Engineers (1996)

National Research Council Postdoctoral Fellowship (1991–1993)

Outstanding Student Paper Award, Geodesy Section, Fall AGU Meeting (1990)

## Current Projects

Development of a fully three-dimensional finite element code for studying fault interactions.

Development and deployment of three of autonomous continuous GPS systems in Marie Byrd Land, Antarctica. Work involved assembling a team to develop and deploy the system, and collaboration with companies to develop and supply appropriate hardware.

Workshop convenor: Autonomous Systems in Extreme Environments.

GPS data collection and modeling of the Northridge earthquake region and Ventura basin.

Numerical modeling of Southern California Integrated GPS Network (SCIGN) data.

Modeling of postseismic results from the Landers earthquake.

Oversight of the development of SCEC DESC online web-based educational modules.

## Recent Publications

Lyzenga, G.A., W.R. Panero, A. Donnellan, The Influence of Anelastic Surface Layers on Postseismic Thrust Fault Deformation, *J. Geophys. Res.*, in press.

Argus, D., M.B. Heflin, A. Donnellan, F.H. Webb, D. Dong, K.J. Hurst, G.A. Lyzenga, M.M. Watkins, and J.F. Zumberge, Shortening and Thickening of Metropolitan Los Angeles Measured and Inferred Using Geodesy, *Geology*, *27*, 703–706, 1999.

Lundgren, P., M. Protti, A. Donnellan, M. Heflin, E. Hernandez, D. Jefferson, Seismic cycle and plate margin deformation in Costa Rica: GPS observations 1994–1997, *J. Geophys. Res.*, in press.

Donnellan, A. and G. A. Lyzenga, Fault afterslip and upper crustal relaxation following the Northridge earthquake, *J. Geophys. Res.*, *103*, 21,285–21,297, 1998.

Donnellan, A. and F.H. Webb, Geodetic observations of the M 5.1 January 29, 1994 Northridge aftershock, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, *25*, 667–670, 1998.

## Relevant Publications

Heflin, M.B., D. Darger, D. Dong, A. Donnellan, K. Hurst, D. Jefferson, G. Lyzenga, M. Watkins, F. Webb, J. Zumberge, Rate change observed at JPLM after the Northridge earthquake, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, *25*, 93–96, 1998.

Hager, B.H., G.A. Lyzenga, A. Donnellan, and D. Dong, Reconciling Rapid Strain Accumulation with Deep Seismogenic Fault Planes in the Ventura Basin, California, *J. Geophys. Res.*, in press.

Bawden, G., A. Donnellan, L. Kellogg, D. Dong, J. Rundle, Geodetic measurements of seven decades of horizontal strain near the White Wolf fault, Kern County California: I. Observations, *J. Geophys. Res.*, *102*, 4957–4976, 1997.

Grant, L. B., and A. Donnellan, 1855 and 1991 surveys of the San Andreas fault: Implications for fault mechanics, *Bull. Seism. Soc. Am.*, *84*, 241–246, 1994.

Donnellan, A., B. H. Hager, and R. W. King, Discrepancy between geologic and geodetic deformation rates in the Ventura basin, *Nature*, *366*, 333–336, 1993.

Ph.D. Advisor: Brad Hager (now at MIT)

Recent Collaborators: Bruce Bills (NASA/GSFC and Scripps), Danan Dong (JPL), Louise Kellogg (UCD), J. Lee (WPI), Bruce Luyendyk (UCSB), Greg Lyzenga (Harvey Mudd), Jay Parker (JPL), John Rundle (Colorado)

Student Advisees: Gerald Bawden (UCD), Maggi Glasscoe (UCD)

## **ROSCOE C. GILES: Boston University**

Professor, Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering,  
College of Engineering, Boston University, Boston Massachusetts, 02215  
(617) 353-6082, EMAIL: [roscoe@bu.edu](mailto:roscoe@bu.edu), URL: <http://roscoe.bu.edu>

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### Professional Employment

1985-Present Professor, Department of Electrical, Computer and Systems Engineering, College of Engineering, Boston University.

1979-1985 Assistant Professor, Department of Physics and Center for Theoretical Physics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

1976-1978 Post-Doctoral Fellow, Center for Theoretical Physics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

1975-1976 Post-Doctoral Fellow, Theoretical Physics Group, Stanford Linear Accelerator Center (SLAC)

### Education

Ph.D., Physics Stanford University, 1975  
M.S., Physics Stanford University, 1973  
B.A. Honors, Physics University of Chicago, 1970

### Honors and Fellowships

Faculty Service Award, Boston University College of Engineering, 1996  
DOE Undergraduate Computational Science Award, DOE, 1995  
DOE Undergraduate Computational Science Award for "Introduction to Parallel Computing Course," 1994  
Boston University Scholar-Teacher of the Year 1992-93.

### Professional and Research Interests

My research focuses on the application of high performance and parallel computing to physics and materials problems. I have developed parallel algorithms for large scale micromagnetic modeling and molecular dynamics simulations.

As an outgrowth of these computational science research efforts, I have become committed to prototyping and building computational and educational infrastructure that will enable broad participation of scholars and students in high performance computing. As a co-PI on the NCSA Alliance (an NSF Partnership for Advanced Computational Infrastructure), I head the Education, Outreach, and Training teams of the Alliance and am part of the Leadership Team for the National EOT-PACI effort.

### 5 Selected Publications

Daniel Reed, Roscoe Giles, Charles Catlett. "Distributed Data and Immersive Collaboration", *Comm. ACM.* **40**, p 39, 1997.

Beazley, Lomhdal, Gronbech-Jensen, Giles, and Tamayo, "Parallel Algorithms for Short Range Molecular Dynamics," *Annual Reviews in Computational Physics*, **3**, 1995.

H. Fu, R. Giles, M. Mansuripur, "Coercivity Mechanisms in Magneto-Optical Recording Media," *Computers in Physics*, **8**, 80 (1994).

R. Giles and M. Mansuripur, "Computer Simulations of Magnetization Reversal Dynamics," *Journal of the Magnetic Society of Japan* **17** (Supplement S1), 255 (1993).

R. Giles, P.S. Alexopoulos, and M. Mansuripur, "Micromagnetics of Thin Film Cobalt-Based Media for Magnetic Recording," *Computers in Physics*, **6**, 53 (1992).

**a. Professional Preparation**

1983 Sc.B. in Computer Science, Brown University, Providence, RI, *Topology and Mechanics*. Also completed requirements for an A.B. in Mathematics.

1985 Sc.M. in Computer Science, Brown University, Providence, RI, *Rendering Parametric Surfaces*.

1992 M.S. in Computer Science, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA, *Material Classification of Magnetic Resonance Volume Data*.

1995 Ph.D. in Computer Science, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA, *Geometric Model Extraction from Magnetic Resonance Volume Data*.

**b. Appointments**

1998- Assistant Professor, Computer Science Department, Brown University

1996-1998 Senior Research Fellow, Division of Biology, California Institute of Technology

1989-1996 Postdoctoral Research Fellow/Research Assistant, Computer Science, California Institute of Technology

1989-1993 Consultant Stardent/Advanced Visual Systems

1986-1989 Software Engineer, Stellar Computer

1983-1985 Research Assistant, Computer Science, Brown University

1983 Teaching Assistant, Brown University

1984 Consultant, Basel Institute for Immunology, Switzerland

**c. (i) Five Publications Most Closely Related to Project**

R. M. Kirby, H. Marmanis, and D. Laidlaw (1999). Visualizing Multivalued Data from 2D Incompressible Flows Using Concepts from Painting, *Visualization '99 Proceedings*.

Russell E. Jacobs, Eric T. Ahrens, Mary E. Dickinson, and Laidlaw, D. H. (1999). Towards a MicroMRI Atlas of Mouse Development, *Computerized Medical Imaging and Graphics*, 23(1).

Laidlaw, D.H., Fleischer, K.W., and Barr, A.H. (1998). Partial-Volume Bayesian Classification of Material Mixtures in MR Volume Data using Voxel Histograms, *IEEE Transactions on Medical Imaging*.

Shan, J. W., Laidlaw, D. H., Gornowicz, G. G., Lang, D. B., and Dimotakis, P. D., (1997). Three-Dimensional Space-Time Structure of Turbulent Jets, *Proc. DFD 97 Meeting of the American Physical Society*.

Upton, C., Faulhaber, T., Kamins, D., Laidlaw, D. H., Schleigel, D., Vroom, J. Gurwitz, R., and van Dam, A. (1989). The Application Visualization System: A Computational Environment for Scientific Visualization. *Computer Graphics and Applications*, 9(4).

**c. (ii) Five Other Significant Publications**

Laidlaw, D. H., Ahrens, E. T., Kremers, D., Readhead, C. (1998). Visualizing Diffusion Tensor Images of the Mouse Spinal Cord. *Proceedings of IEEE Visualization '98*.

Laidlaw, D. H., Barr, A. H., and Jacobs, R. E. (1997). Goal-directed brain micro-imaging. In *Neuroinformatics: An Overview of the Human Brain Project*, vol 1 of Progress in Neuroinformatics.

Tyszka, J. M. Laidlaw, D. H., and Silverman, J. M. (1997). Relative pressure mapping using high-speed three-dimensional phase contrast cine MR imaging. *Radiology*, 205, Suppl. S.

Fleischer, K. W. , Laidlaw, D.H., Currin, B. L., and Barr, A. H. (1995). Cellular Texture Generation, *Computer Graphics* (Proc. Siggraph 95), 29(4).

T. Banchoff, H. Koak F. Bisshopp, and D. Laidlaw (1986). Topology and Mechanics with Computer Graphics: Linear Hamiltonian Systems in Four Dimensions,” *Advances in Applied Mathematics*.

#### **d. Synergistic Activities**

This year was the first for a new graduate/undergraduate class *Interdisciplinary Scientific Visualization*. Students wrote “funding” proposals for small, interdisciplinary research projects. “Funded” proposals were implemented and the results presented at a mock conference. Students learned about communicating and working with researchers in another field. <http://www.cs.brown.edu/courses/cs295-5>.

Organized panel at Visualization '98 conference on Art and Visualization (best panel at conference). Participated in followon Visualization '99 panel. Both probed issues of interdisciplinary collaborations.

The final publication above describes AVS, a visualization software product that I was a principal developer on at Stellar Computer. It is widely used to process and visualize MR images as well as other scientific data.

I have advised and continue to seek out undergraduates for research projects both at Brown and, previously, at Caltech. Some of the projects have culminated in research publications. Several have been with women in computer science, a traditionally underrepresented group. I organize the Brown Computer Science undergraduate research opportunities web pages.

**e. (i) Collaborators:** Eric T. Ahrens, Caltech, Joseph W. Asa, Matthew J. Avalos, Caltech, C. Bajaj, U. Texas, Thomas F. Banchoff, Alan H. Barr, Caltech, Celia F. Brosnan, Albert Einstein College of Medicine, Kristen L. Cook, Caltech, Mary E. Dickinson, Caltech, Paul E. Dimotakis, Caltech, John Donoghue, Brown Kurt W. Fleischer, Pixar, Geoffrey Fox, Felice Frankel, MIT, Scott E. Fraser, Caltech, Yuri M. Goldfeld, Caltech, Galen G. Gornowicz, Dreamworks SKG, Victoria Interrante, U. of Minnesota, Russell E. Jacobs, Caltech, David Kremers, Caltech, Daniel B. Lang, Caltech, H. Marmanis, Brown, Mark D. Montague, Caltech, P. T. Narasimhan, Caltech, Carol Readhead, Cedars Sinai Medical Center, Jerome Sanes, Brown, Jerry W. Shan, Caltech, Jeffrey M. Silverman, Cedars Sinai Medical Center, Michael Tarr, Brown, J. Michael Tyszka, City of Hope Medical Center, Terry Tullis, Brown.

**e. (ii) Advisees** Daniel Acevedo Feliz, Stuart Andrews, Daniel Keefe, R. Michael Kirby, Georgeta Elizabeth Morai, Paul Reitsma, Song Zhang.

**e. (iii) Advisors** Alan H. Barr, Caltech, Scott E. Fraser, Caltech.

## **John B. Rundle: Colorado**

### **Education**

Ph.D., Geophysics and Space Physics, UCLA (1976)

M.S., Geophysics and Space Physics, UCLA (1973)

B.S.E., Engineering Physics, Princeton University (1972), *magna cum laude*

### **Professional Experience**

Professor, Department of Physics

Fellow, Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences, University of Colorado (1996–)

Director, Colorado Center for Chaos and Complexity, University of Colorado

Associate Professor, Departments of Physics and Geology (1993–1996)

Physicist, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratories (1990–1993)

Member of Technical Staff, Sandia National Laboratories (1977–1990)

Visiting Scholar, Condensed Matter Theory Group, Department of Physics, Boston University (1988–1989, concurrent with above)

Visiting Associate, Calif. Institute of Technology (1981–1984, concurrent with above)

Postdoctoral Fellow, U. Calif. Los Angeles (1976–1977)

Teaching Fellow, Department of Physics, University of Illinois (1974–1974)

### **Honors and Awards**

National Merit Finalist

*Magna Cum Laude*, Princeton University, 1972.

Phi Beta Kappa, Princeton University, 1972

Tau Beta Pi, Princeton University, 1972

Sandia National Laboratories: Exceptional Contribution Award for Fundamental Research (\$2500 Award)

US Geological Survey, Branch of Geologic Risk Assessment, Best Paper 1989 (with G. King & R. Stein, \$500 Award)

Association Lecturer, International Association of Seismology and Physics of the Earth's Interior, Wellington, NZ, 1994.

Award for Outstanding Contributions in Geosciences Research, given at the Geosciences Research Symposium, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, April, 1996, by the Geosciences Research Program, Office of Basic Energy Sciences, US Department of Energy.

Distinguished Visiting Scientist, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, California, 1995 -

### **Recent Service**

Science Advisory Panel, 1986 - Present, *Chairman* National Science Foundation, External Advisory Council for the Southern California Earthquake Center, *Member*, 1991 -*Chair*, 1995-1995; *Member*, 1997-1999



Office of Science and Technology Policy, Executive Office of the President of the United States, National Forum on Environment and Natural Resources, March 28-30, 1994, *Invited Participant*

Office of Science and Technology Policy, Executive Office of the President of the United States, National Earthquake Strategy Workshop, June 6-8, 1994, *Invited Participant*

National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Earth System Science Advisory Committee (Committee Advisory to the Associate Administrator OF NASA for Mission to Planet Earth , June 1994 - 1998, *Member*

American Geophysical Union, Technical Committee on Nonlinear Geophysics, 1997-, *Chair*

National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Solid Earth and Natural Hazards, Committee on Future Directions, Panel on Earthquakes and Crustal Deformation, 1997-1998, *Chair*

### **Five Recent Publications**

Rundle, J.B. and W. Klein, New ideas about the physics of earthquakes, *Reviews of Geophysics and Space Physics Supplement , and Quadrennial Report to the IUGG and AGU 1991-1994 (invited)*, 283-286, July, 1995.

Rundle, J.B., W. Klein, S. Gross, and D.L. Turcotte, Boltzmann fluctuations in numerical simulations of nonequilibrium threshold systems, *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **75**, 1658-1661, 1995.

Rundle, J.B., W. Klein and S. Gross, Dynamics of a traveling density wave model for earthquakes, *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **76**, 4285 - 4288, 1996.

Klein, W., J.B. Rundle and C. Ferguson, Scaling and nucleation in models of earthquake faults, *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **78**, 3793-3796, 1997.

Rundle, J.B. E. Preston, S. McGinnis, W. Klein, Why earthquakes stop: Growth and arrest in stochastic fields, *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **80**, 5698-5701, 1998.

### **Recent Principal Collaborators (last five years):**

William Klein, Boston University

Donald Turcotte, Cornell University

Suanna Gross, University of Colorado

Bernard Minster, University of California San Diego

Charles Ferguson, University of Maryland

Geoffrey Fox, Syracuse University

Jose Fernandez, University Complutense de Madrid, Spain

Ting To Yu, Academia Sinica, Taiwan

Eric Preston, University of Colorado

Seth McGinnis, University of Colorado

Joydeep Bhattacharyya, Yale University

Anne Sheehan, University of Colorado

Kristy Tiampo, University of Colorado

Louise Kellogg, University of California at Davis

Gerald Bawden, University of California at Davis

Andrea Donnellan, Jet Propulsion Laboratory

Danen Dong, Jet Propulsion Laboratory

## **Jill H. Andrews: USC**

**DIRECTOR FOR OUTREACH**

**Southern California Earthquake Center**

**University of Southern California**

**Los Angeles, CA 90089-0742**

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Jill Andrews directs the Education and Knowledge Transfer (Outreach) programs for the Southern California Earthquake Center (SCEC), a National Science Foundation Science and Technology Center administrated by the University of Southern California. Her professional background in academia includes 20 years as an administrator and corporate liaison with a focus on building mutually beneficial relationships with business and industry for the purpose of developing useful technologies for general application.

After obtaining a Bachelor of Arts degree in Journalism and Human Relations from Ambassador University in 1973, Andrews pursued social work in Indiana, Michigan and Arizona. Returning in the early 1980s to her hometown in Pasadena, California, she joined the administrative staff at the California Institute of Technology, where she served as Acting Director for Undergraduate Admissions, Associate Director for Corporate Relations, and then as Director of the Earthquake Programs Office.

As SCEC s Outreach director, Andrews currently serves as a member of its Steering Committee and oversees all outreach activities with technical practitioners, government agencies, business leaders, the media, K-16 educational and academic institutions, and the general public. She is chair and co-founder of the Earthquake Information Providers Group (EqIP), a coalition of 30 organizations whose common mission is to distribute information worldwide via the Internet. She is an advisor to the National Information Service for Earthquake Engineering (NISEE) libraries in New York and California and a member of the outreach advisory committee for TriNet, a California-based coalition to build a real-time seismic network. She co-chaired the Education and Information working group for the writing and production of the State of California s Earthquake Mitigation Plan, produced by the State Seismic Safety Commission, and currently serves on the Commission s Committee on Emergency Preparedness and Response and Recovery (EPARR). Andrews edits and produces the SCEC Quarterly Newsletter. She produced, with the US Geological Survey under the auspices of SCEC, *Putting Down Roots in Earthquake Country*, a personal handbook to earthquake safety. She chairs the Business Alliance for Earthquake Education and Mitigation, a group of corporate leaders in southern California who supported the production of the English version of the handbook, and is now supervising production of a Spanish language version. She chairs the Innovative Technology Transfer Forum for the Earthquake Engineering Research Institute, an organization dedicated to the advancement of the science and practice of earthquake engineering, and the solution of national earthquake engineering problems. Andrews served as a co-convenor for the 1998 4<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Corporate Earthquake Programs (Shizuoka, Japan). She manages the education program for the FEMA-funded *Earthquake Hazard Mitigation of Woodframe Construction* for the California Universities for Research in Earthquake Engineering (CUREe), and serves as an education consultant to the Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center

(PEER), headquartered at UC Berkeley, and the Incorporated Research Institutions in Seismology (IRIS) in Washington, DC.

### **SCEC-Related Publications**

*The Southern California Earthquake Center Quarterly Newsletter*: Editor, Writer and Producer: Volume 1, No. s 1-4 (1995-96); Volume 2, No. s 1-4 (1996-97); Volume 3, No. s 1-4 (1997-98).

Lucile M. Jones et al., *Putting Down Roots in Earthquake Country*, published by the Southern California Earthquake Center and U.S. Geological Survey, October, 1995; Jill H. Andrews, Producer.

Andrews, J. H., Compiler, Editor, *Proceedings*, Research Utilization Council, published by the Southern California Earthquake Center, August, 1995.

Andrews, J. H., Compiler, Editor, *Proceedings*, Addressing Seismic Hazards in Southern California: Establishing Dialogue Among Academia, The Insurance Industry, and Risk Assessment Professionals, published by the Southern California Earthquake Center, November, 1995.

Andrews, J. H., Compiler, Editor, *Proceedings*, Addressing Seismic Hazards in Southern California: Earthquakes and Insurance, published by the Southern California Earthquake Center, April, 1996.

Andrews, J. H., Compiler, Editor, *Proceedings*, Exploring Options for Seismic Zonation in the City of Los Angeles, published by the Southern California Earthquake Center, October, 1996 and April, 1998.

Andrews, J. H., Compiler, Editor, Shattered Crust Series #1: The Newport-Inglewood and Whittier-Elsinore Fault Zones, published by the Southern California Earthquake Center, October, 1996.

Andrews, J. H., Compiler, Editor, Shattered Crust Series #2: The Palos Verdes Fault Guide, published by the Southern California Earthquake Center, October, 1996.

Andrews, J. H., Basic Research and Information, Knowledge and Technology Transfer, submitted to Earthquake Engineering Research Institute *Earthquake Basics* series, in review, 1997.

Edward H. Ned Field: Understanding Earthquake Ground Motion and Seismic Hazard Assessment, *Scientific American*, in review, April 1998. J. H. Andrews, Editor.

Naeim, F., M. Cochran, and J. H. Andrews: Hazards Posed by Nonductile Concrete and Tuck-Under Parking Buildings, in review, Southern California Earthquake Center, April 1998.

Andrews, J. H., Compiler, Editor, *Proceedings*, Earthquakes and Urban Infrastructure: A Workshop, published by the Southern California Earthquake Center, April, 1998.

## Yehuda Ben-Zion: USC

### **Professional preparation:**

B.Sc. Geology and Physics, The Hebrew University of Jerusalem (October 1982).

Ph.D. Geophysics and Seismology, University of Southern California (August 1990).

### **Appointments:**

Assistant Professor of Earth Sciences, University of Southern California, 1997-present

Visiting Professor, the Earthquake Research Institute, University of Tokyo, Japan, 1996.

Research Associate of Geophysics, Harvard University, 1994 - January 1996.

Post-Doctoral fellow, Harvard University (with Professor J. R. Rice), 1991 - 1993.

### **Research Interests:**

Physics Of Earthquakes and Faults, Self-Organization, Disorder and Regularization Processes, Complexity, Dynamic Rupture in Structures with Material Interfaces, Spatio-Temporal Seismicity Patterns and Earthquake Statistics, Information Content of Seismic Catalogs, Theory and Observation of Seismic Fault Zone Guided Waves, Earthquake Prediction, Local Amplifications in Dynamic Seismic Fields.

### **Publications:**

#### *(i) 5 recent publications closely related to the proposed project*

Ben-Zion, Y., Stress, slip and earthquakes in models of complex single-fault systems incorporating brittle and creep deformations, *J. Geophys. Res.*, **101**, 5677-5706, 1996.

Eneva, M. and Y. Ben-Zion, Techniques and parameters to analyze seismicity patterns associated with large earthquakes, *J. Geophys. Res.*, **102**, 17785-17795, 1997.

Ben-Zion, Y. and D. J. Andrews, Properties and Implications of Dynamic Rupture Along a Material Interface, *Bull. Seism. Soc. Am.*, **88**, 1085-1094, 1998.

Ben-Zion, Y., K. Dahmen, V. Lyakhovsky, D. Ertas and A. Agnon, Self-Driven Mode Switching of Earthquake Activity on a Fault System, *Earth Planet. Sci. Lett.*, 172/1-2, 11-21, 1999.

Ben-Zion, Y. C. Sammis and T. Henyey, Perspectives on the Field of Physics of Earthquakes, *Seism. Res. Lett.*, 70, 428-431, 1999.

#### *(ii) 5 other recent significant publications*

Fisher, D. S., K. Dahmen, S. Ramanathan and Y. Ben-Zion, Statistics of Earthquakes in Simple Models of Heterogeneous Faults, *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **78**, 4885-4888, 1997.

Ben-Zion, Y. and J. R. Rice, Dynamic simulations of slip on a smooth fault in an elastic solid, *J. Geophys. Res.*, **102**, 17771-17784, 1997.

Dahmen, K., D. Ertas and Y. Ben-Zion, Gutenberg Richter and Characteristic Earthquake behavior in Simple Mean-Field Models of Heterogeneous Faults, *Phys. Rev. E*, **58**, 1494-1501, 1998.

Lyakhovsky, V., Y. Ben-Zion and A. Agnon, Distributed Damage, Faulting, and Friction, *J. Geophys. Res.*, **102**, 27635-27649, 1997.

Miller, S. A., Y. Ben-Zion and J.-P. Burg, A Three-dimensional Fluid-controlled Earthquake Model: Behavior And Implications, *J. Geophys. Res.*, **104**, 10621-10638, 1999.

**Collaborators and Other Affiliations:**

*(i) Collaborators (outside USC)*

Agnon Amotz, Hebrew U. of Jerusalem, Israel  
Andrews Joe, USGS, Menlo Park  
Armbruster John, Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory  
Dahmen Karin, Univ. of Illinois at Urbana Champaign  
Eneva Mariana, Maxwell Technologies (San Diego, CA)  
Fisher Daniel, Harvard University  
Ito Hisao, Geological Survey of Japan  
Lapusta Nadia, Harvard University  
Lockner Dave, USGS, Menlo Park  
Lyakhovsky Vladimir, Hebrew U. of Jerusalem, Israel  
Michael Andrew, USGS, Menlo Park  
Miller Steve, ETH, Switzerland  
Nishigami Kin'ya, Kyoto University, Japan  
Igel Heiner, Munich University, Germany  
Rice James, Harvard University  
Seeber Leonardo, Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory  
Zheng Gutuan, IBM

*(ii) Graduate and Postdoctoral Advisors*

Ben-Zion's Ph.D. thesis advisor was Keiiti Aki and his postdoctoral advisor was James R. Rice.

*(iii) Thesis Advisor and Postgraduate-Scholar sponsor*

Current graduate advisor of 4 USC students: Shoshana Levin, Yunfeng Liu, Zhigang Peng, Eric Libicki

Current Postdoctoral advisor of Yueqiang Huang

# Gregory C. Beroza: Stanford

## EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

1982	B.S., Geophysics, University of California at Santa Cruz.
1989	Ph.D., Geophysics, Mass. Institute of Technology.
1989-1990	Postdoctoral Associate, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
1990-1994	Assistant Professor of Geophysics, Stanford University.
1994-present	Associate Professor of Geophysics, Stanford University.

## HONORS AND AWARDS

1983	National Science Foundation Graduate Fellow.
1991	National Science Foundation Presidential Young Investigator Award.

## SELECTED PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITIES

1993-1995, 1999	Panelist, USGS External Program (Process&Theory and Northern California).
1996-present	NAS/NRC Committee on the Science of Earthquakes.
1996-1999	Associate Editor, Journal of Geophysical Research.
1998-present	Panelist, NSF Seismology and Geophysics Proposal Review Panel.

## FIVE PUBLICATIONS MOST RELEVANT TO THIS PROJECT

- 1996 Dodge, D. A., G. C. Beroza, and W. L. Ellsworth, Detailed observations of California foreshock sequences: implications for the earthquake initiation process, *J. Geophys. Res.*, *101*, 22,371-22,392.
- 1996 Beroza, G. C. and T. Mikumo, Short slip duration in dynamic rupture in the presence of heterogeneous fault properties, *J. Geophys. Res.*, *101*, 22,449-22,460.
- 1996 Beroza, G. C., and W. L. Ellsworth, Properties of the seismic nucleation phase, *Tectonophysics*, *261*, 209-227.
- 1998 Schaff, D. P., G. C. Beroza, and B. E. Shaw, Postseismic response of repeating aftershocks, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, *25*, 4549-4552.
- 1999 Mai, P. M. and G. C. Beroza, Source scaling properties from finite-fault rupture models, *Bull. Seismol. Soc. Am.*, (submitted).

## FIVE ADDITIONAL RELEVANT PUBLICATIONS

- 1988 Beroza, G. C., and P. Spudich, Linearized inversion for fault rupture behavior: application to the 1984, Morgan Hill, California, earthquake, *J. Geophys. Res.*, *93*, 6275-6296.
- 1994 Cohee, B. P., and G. C. Beroza, Slip distribution of the 1992 Landers earthquake and its implications for earthquake source mechanics, *Bull. Seismol. Soc. Am.*, *84*, 692-712.
- 1995 Ellsworth, W. L., and G. C. Beroza, Seismic evidence for an earthquake nucleation phase, *Science*, *268*, 851-855.
- 1996 Beroza, G. C., Rupture history of the earthquake estimated from high-frequency strong-motion data, *U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1550-A, The Loma Prieta, California Earthquake of October 17, 1989—Main-Shock Characteristics*, A9-A32.
- 1999 Bokelmann, G., and G. C. Beroza, Depth-dependent earthquake focal mechanism orientation: evidence for a weak zone in the lower crust, *J. Geophys. Res.*, (submitted).

(About 35 additional refereed publications)

## STUDENTS AT STANFORD UNIVERSITY AND RECENT COLLABORATORS

- Current: David Schaff (Ph.D.), Patti Guatteri (Ph.D.), Xyoli Perez-Campos (Ph.D.), Martin Mai (Ph.D.), Eva Zankerka (Ph.D.), Vincent Quitoriano (Ph.D.)
- Former: Brian Cohee (Ph.D., 1995), Hal Mendoza (M.S., 1995), Martijn Verwoerd (M.S., 1995), Doug Dodge (Ph.D., 1996), Karen Felzer (B.S., 1998)
- Collaborators: Bill Ellsworth, Paul Spudich, Tom Jordan, Vernon Cormier, Takeshi Mikumo, Bruce Shaw.

## **Lisa B. Grant: Irvine**

**Office Address:** Department of Environmental Analysis and Design, 262 SE I  
University of California  
Irvine, CA 92697-7070  
(949) 824-5491 [office] (949) 824-5382 [lab]  
(949) 824-2056 [fax]  
lgrant@uci.edu

**Citizenship:** USA

**Education:** Ph.D. Geology and Geophysics, 1993  
Caltech, Pasadena, CA.  
Thesis Title: *Characterization of Large Earthquakes on the San Andreas Fault in the Carrizo Plain: Implications for Fault Mechanics and Seismic Hazard*

M.S. Geology, 1990  
Caltech, Pasadena, CA.

M.S. Environmental Engineering Science, 1989  
Caltech, Pasadena, CA.

B.S. with distinction, Environmental Earth Science, 1985  
Stanford University, Palo Alto, CA.

**Research Interests:** Paleoseismology, active faults, seismic hazard

**Experience** Assistant Professor  
Department of Environmental Analysis and Design  
University of California, Irvine  
7/98 - present

Assistant Professor of Environmental Science and Geology  
Program Director for Environmental Science  
Chapman University, Orange, CA  
8/95 - 6/98

Senior Staff to Assistant Project Scientist  
Woodward-Clyde Consultants  
Santa Ana, CA  
6/93 - 7/95 (part-time consulting 8/95 to present)

Graduate Research and Teaching Assistant, Graduate Fellow  
Caltech, Pasadena CA  
10/87 - 5/93

Research Scientist  
California Research and Technology / Titan Systems (now Titan  
Technologies)  
Chatsworth, CA  
1/85 - 7/87

**Selected Service:**

Associate Editor, Bulletin of the Seismological Society of America, 1997 to present

**Selected Publications:**

Roddy, D., Schuster, S., Rosenblatt, M., Grant, L., Hassig, P., and Kreyenhagen, K., *Computer Simulations of Large Asteroid Impacts Into Oceanic and Continental Sites : Preliminary Results on Atmospheric, Cratering and Ejecta Dynamics*, **International Journal of Impact Engineering**, Vol 5, p.525-541, 1987.

Grant, L. B. and K. Sieh, *Stratigraphic Evidence for 7 Meters of Dextral Slip on the San Andreas Fault During the Great 1857 Earthquake in the Carrizo Plain*. **Bulletin Seismological Society of America**, Vol. 83, No. 3, p. 619-635, 1993.

Grant, L. B. and A. Donnellan, *1855 and 1991 Surveys of the San Andreas Fault: Implications for Fault Mechanics* , **Bulletin Seismological Society of America**, Vol. 84, No. 2, p.241-246, 1994.

Grant, L. B. and K. Sieh, *Paleoseismic Evidence of Clustered Earthquakes on the San Andreas Fault in the Carrizo Plain, California*, **Journal of Geophysical Research**, Vol. 99, No. B4, p. 6819-6841, 1994.

Grant, L. B., *Uncharacteristic Earthquakes on the San Andreas Fault*, **Science**, v. 272, 826 - 827, 1996.

Grant, L. B., J. T. Waggoner, C. von Stein and T. Rockwell, *Paleoseismicity of the North Branch of the Newport-Inglewood Fault Zone in Huntington Beach , California, from Cone Penetrometer Test Data* . **Bulletin of the Seismological Society of America**, v. 87, no 2., 277 - 293, 1997.

Grant, L.. B., K. J. Mueller, E. M. Gath, H. Cheng, R. L. Edwards, R. Munro and G. L. Kennedy, *Late Quaternary Uplift and Earthquake Potential of the San Joaquin Hills, southern Los Angeles Basin, California*, **Geology**, in press for Nov. 1999 issue.



## **Thomas L. Henyey: USC**

### **A. Personal Information**

Current address: Department of Earth Sciences  
University of Southern California, University Park  
Los Angeles, California 90089/0740

### **B. Education**

A.B. Geophysics, University of California, Berkeley, 1962  
Ph.D. Geophysics, California Institute of Technology, 1968

### **C. Professional Experience**

Research Assistant, Caltech, 1966-1967  
Teaching Assistant, Caltech, 1967-1968  
Assistant Professor of Geological Sciences, University of Southern California, 1968-1974  
Associate Professor of Geological Sciences, University of Southern California, 1974-1981  
Sabbatical leave, U.C. Santa Barbara, Spring, 1976  
Professor of Geological Sciences, University of Southern California, 1981-present  
Sabbatical leave, DSIR, New Zealand, Summer/Fall, 1982  
Professor of Geological Sciences and Chairman, Department of Geological Sciences,  
University of Southern California, 1989-1991  
Professor of Geological Sciences, University of Southern California and  
Executive Director, Southern California Earthquake Center, 1991-1996  
Professor of Geological Sciences, University of Southern California and  
Director, Southern California Earthquake Center, 1996-present

### **D. Some Recent Publications**

Li, Y.G., T.L. Teng, and T.L. Henyey, Shear Wave Splitting Observations and Implications for the Stress Regime in the Los Angeles Basin, Southern California, *Bull. Seis. Soc. Amer.*, 84, 307-323, 1994.  
Schiffries, C.M. and T. L. Henyey, A possible earthquake deficit in Southern California, *Geotimes*, June, 1994.  
Henyey, Tom, One shock leads to another, *News and Views, Nature*, 375, No.6258, p. 191, 1995.  
Malin, P.E., E.D. Goodman, T.L. Henyey, Y.G. Li, D.A. Okaya, and J.B. Saleeby, Significance of seismic reflections beneath a tilted exposure of deep continental crust, Tehachapi Mountains, California, *Jour. Geophys. Res.*, 100, 2069-2088, 1995.  
Jackson, D., K. Aki, A. Cornell, J. Dieterich, T. Henyey, M. Mahdyar, D. Schwartz, and S. Ward, Seismic hazards in southern California: Probable earthquakes, 1994-2024, *Bull. Seis. Soc. Amer.*, 85, no. 2, 379-439, 1995.

### **E. Advisors, Collaborators, Graduate Students and Post-Doctoral Fellows**

Graduate Advisors: Gerald Wasserburg, James Brune  
Collaborators: S. Holbrook (Wyoming), N. Christensen (Wisconsin), T. McEvelly (UCB), R. Clayton (Caltech),  
G. Fuis (USGS), P. Davis (UCLA), G. Jiracek (SDSU), T. Stern (Victoria, N.Z.), F. Davey (IGNS-N.Z.);  
Also, Scientists from the Southern California Earthquake Center and the publication list above.  
Graduate Students and Post-Doctoral Fellows: Robert Clayton, Avijit Chakraborty, Mike Forrest, Ned Field, Rachel Abercrombie, Nicola Godfrey, Yong-Gang Li.

## Tom H. Jordan: MIT

BIRTH: October 8, 1948, Coco Solo, Canal Zone  
S.S. NUMBER: 264-92-7023  
CITIZENSHIP: U.S.A.

EDUCATION: B.S., Geophysics, California Institute of Technology, 1969  
M.S., Geophysics, California Institute of Technology, 1970  
Ph.D., Geophysics and Applied Mathematics, California Institute of Technology, 1972

EMPLOYMENT: 1969-1972: Graduate Research Assistant, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA; 1972-1975: Assistant Professor, Princeton University, Princeton, NJ; 1975-1977: Assistant Professor, Scripps Institution of Oceanography, University of California, San Diego, CA; 1977-1982: Associate Professor, SIO; 1982-1984: Professor, SIO; 1984-Present: Robert R. Shrock Professor of Earth and Planetary Sciences, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA; 1988-1998: Department Head, Earth, Atmospheric and Planetary Sciences, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA

HONORS & AWARDS: National Merit Scholar, 1965-1969; Alfred P. Sloan Fellow in Physics, 1980-1982; Fellow, American Geophysical Union, 1983; James B. Macelwane Award, American Geophysical Union, 1983; Fellow, American Academy of Arts and Sciences, 1996; Member, National Academy of Sciences, 1998; George P. Woollard Award, Geological Society of America, 1998.

## Scientific Publications

Approximately 120, on various topics in seismology, geodynamics, tectonics, geodesy, and marine geology. Five examples relevant to the proposed work are:

96. 1991 Jordan, T.H., Far-field detection of slow precursors to fast seismic ruptures, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, **18**, 2019-2022.
99. 1993 Ihmlé, P. F., P. Harabaglia, and T. H. Jordan, Teleseismic detection of a slow precursor to the great 1989 Macquarie Ridge earthquake, *Science*, **261**, 177-183.
109. 1995 Ihmlé, P. F., and T. H. Jordan, Source time function of the great 1994 Bolivia deep earthquake by waveform and spectral inversion, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, **22**, 2253-2256.
113. 1996 McGuire, J. J., P. F. Ihmlé, and T. H. Jordan, Time-domain observations of a slow precursor to the 1994 Romanche Transform earthquake, *Science*, **274**, 82-85, 1996.
127. 1999 McGuire, J. J., and T. H. Jordan, Further evidence for the compound nature of slow earthquakes: the Prince Edward Island earthquake of April 28, 1997, *J. Geophys. Res.*, in press.

## Recent Collaborators (last 48 months, exclusive of students)

D. Weidner, SUNY, Stony Brook; Y. Wang, University of Chicago; Paul Silver, Carnegie Institution of Washington; David James, Carnegie Institution of Washington.

## Doctoral Dissertations Supervised

- 1979 S. A. Sipkin, *Constraints on Earth Structure Determined from Observations of Multiple ScS*, UCSD.
- 1981 K. A. Sverdrup, *Seismotectonic Studies in the Pacific Ocean Basin*, UCSD.
- 1982 A. L. Lerner-Lam, *Linearized Estimation of Higher-Mode Surface Wave Dispersion*, UCSD.  
P. G. Silver, *Optimal Estimation of Scalar Seismic Moment*, UCSD.

- 1984 K. C. Creager, *Geometry, Velocity Structure, and Penetration Depths of Descending Slabs in the Western Pacific*, UCSD.
- 1985 M. A. Riedesel, *Seismic Moment Tensor Recovery at Low Frequencies*, UCSD.  
 D. K. Smith, *The Statistics of Seamount Populations in the Pacific Ocean*, UCSD.  
 R. G. Adair, *Microseisms in the Deep Ocean: Observations and Theory*, UCSD.
- 1988 K. M. Fischer, *The Morphology and Dynamics of Subducting Lithosphere*, MIT.
- 1989 J. Sauber, *Geodetic Measurement of Deformation in California*, MIT.  
 J. S. Revenaugh, *The Nature of Mantle Layering from First-Order Reverberations*, MIT.  
 G. C. Beroza, *Near-Source Imaging of Seismic Rupture*, MIT.
- 1990 L. S. Gee, *New Techniques for Seismological Studies of Earth Structure*, MIT.  
 E. Lavelly, *Theoretical Investigations in Helioseismology*, MIT.  
 J. A. Goff, *Stochastic Modeling of Seafloor Morphology*, MIT.
- 1991 M. H. Murray, *Global Positioning System Measurement of Crustal Deformation in Central California*, MIT.
- 1991 K. L. Feigl, *Geodetic Measurement of Tectonic Deformation in Central California*, MIT.
- 1994 P. F. Ihmlé, *Teleseismic Study of Earthquakes of Long Duration*, MIT.
- 1995 P. Puster, *The Characterization of Seismic Earth Structures and Numerical Mantle Convection Experiments Using Two-Point Correlation Functions*, MIT.
- 1995 J. G. Gaherty, *Structure and Anisotropy of the Upper Mantle*, MIT.
- 1997 H. F. Webb, *A Qualitative and Quantitative Study of the Distribution of Pelagic Sediment in the Atlantic Basin*, MIT.
- 1998 R. Katzman, *Structure and Dynamics of the Pacific Mantle*, MIT.

**e. Graduate and Postgraduate Advisors:**

Ph.D. advisor: D. L. Anderson, Caltech  
 Postgraduate advisor: none

## Hiroo Kanamori: Caltech

Born - 17 October 1936  
Japan (Japanese citizen)

### Address:

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#### Home:

375 South Bonnie, Pasadena California 91106  
Telephone: (626) 793-3120

### Education:

B. S. (Physics), Tokyo University, 1959  
M. S. (Geophysics), Tokyo University, 1961  
Ph.D. (Geophysics), Tokyo University, 1964

### Professional Experience:

Research Associate, Geophysics Institute, Tokyo  
University, 1962-65  
Research Fellow, California Institute of Technology, 1965-66  
Associate Professor, Earthquake Research Institute, Tokyo  
University, 1966-69  
Visiting Associate Professor, Massachusetts Institute of  
Technology, 1969  
Professor, Earthquake Research Institute, Tokyo University,  
1970-72  
Professor, California Institute of Technology, 1972-89  
John E. and Hazel S. Smits Professorship of Geophysics, 1989-  
Director, Seismological Laboratory, California Institute of  
Technology, 1990-April, 1998

### Major Research Interest

Kanamori's research centers on the physics of earthquakes. His work includes: (1) quantification of great earthquakes using  $M_w$  scale, (2) quantitative study of tsunami earthquakes, (3) seismological study of volcanic eruptions, (4) real-time seismology for hazard mitigation, (5) study of atmospheric waves excited by volcanic eruptions, (6)

study of interaction between solid earth and atmosphere, (7) frictional melting due to faulting, (8) synthesis of microscopic and macroscopic physics of earthquakes.

### Membership

Seismological Society of Japan  
American Geophysical Union  
Seismological Society of America  
Earthquake Engineering Research Institute  
American Academy of Arts and Sciences

### Awards

Medal of the Seismological Society of America, 1992  
Arthur L. Day Prize and Lectureship, U.S. National Academy of Science, 1993  
California Scientist of the Year Award, 1993  
The Asahi Prize, 1993.  
Walter H. Bucher Medal, American Geophysical Union, 1996.

### Selected Papers

Kanamori, H., and M. Kikuchi, The 1992 Nicaragua Earthquake: a slow tsunami earthquake associated with subducted sediments, *Nature*, **361**, 714-716, 1993.  
Kikuchi, M., and H. Kanamori, The mechanism of the deep Bolivia earthquake of June 9, 1994, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, **21**, 2341-2344, 1994.  
Kanamori, H., T. H. Anderson, and T. H. Heaton, Frictional melting during the rupture of the 1994 Bolivian Earthquake, *Science*, **279**, 839-842, 1998.  
Kanamori, H., E. Hauksson, L. K. Hutton, and L. M. Jones, Determination of Earthquake Energy Release and  $M_L$  Using TERRAScope, *Bull. Seismol. Soc. Am.*, **83**, 330-346, 1993.  
Kanamori, H. and T. H. Heaton, Microscopic and macroscopic physics of earthquakes, accepted for publication in AGU monograph "Physics of Earthquakes", 2000.

## **William Klein: Boston University**

Boston University  
Department of Physics  
Boston, MA 02215  
617-353-2188  
email: klein@phy40-pc157.bu.edu

### **Personal**

Born, April 1, 1943, Philadelphia, Pa. ; married, two children.

### **EDUCATION**

Ph.D. Temple University 1972, Physics  
B.A. Temple University 1965, Physics

### **POSITIONS**

Professor of Physics, Boston University, Sept. 1984-  
Professor, College of Engineering, Boston University, January 1992 -  
Visiting Scientist, Institute for Theoretical Physics, University of California at Santa Barbara,  
September, 1997 - January 1998  
External Researcher, Santa Fe Institute, January, 1996-  
Visiting Scientist, Lawrence Livermore Laboratory, Sept. 1, 1990 - July 1993  
Visiting Scientist, Oersted Institute, Copenhagen, July 1, 1992- Dec. 31, 1992  
Visiting Professor, McGill University, January 1, 1987-December 31, 1989  
Visiting Scientist, IBM Bergen Scientific Center, July 1988  
Visiting Scientist, University of Konstanz, August 1985  
Visiting Scientist, University of Mainz, July 1985  
Visiting Scientist, SUNY Stony Brook, August 1984  
Visiting Scientist, St. Francis Xavier University, Nova Scotia, July 1984  
Visiting Scientist, Harvard University, Sept. 1983-June 1984  
Associate Professor of Physics, Boston University, Sept. 1981-Sept. 1984  
Visiting Scientist, IBM Zurich, August 1983  
Visiting Scientist, Kernforschungsanlage, Jülich, Germany, July 1983  
Visiting Scientist, Kernforschungsanlage, Jülich, Germany, May 1982  
Assistant Professor of Physics, Boston University, Jan. 1977-Sept. 1981  
Visiting Scientist, Kernforschungsanlage, Jülich, Germany, May 1981  
Research Associate, Boston University, Sept. 1976-Jan. 1977  
Research Scientist, Institut für Theoretische Physik, Universität zu Köln, Sept. 1974-Sept. 1976  
PostDoctoral Fellow, Mathematics Department, MIT, Sept. 1973-Sept. 1974  
PostDoctoral Fellow, National Bureau of Standards, June 1972-Sept. 1973

### **Additional Positions**

Consultant, Digital Equipment Corporation, 1984-1985  
Consultant, Schlumberger-Doll, 1983-1985  
Consultant, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, 1992-1993

### **PUBLICATIONS**

[1] J. Yang, H. Gould, W. Klein and R. Mountain, "Dynamics Study of Supercooled Liquids" *J. Chem. Phys.*, **93**, 711 (1990)

- [2] L. Monette and W. Klein, "Spinodal Nucleation as a Coalescence Process" *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **68**, 2336 (1992)
- [3] N. Gross, W. Klein and K. Ludwig, "Structure and the Failure of the Linear Theory of Continuous Ordering" *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **73**, 2639 (1994)
- [4] A. Mel'cuk, R. Ramos, H. Gould, W. Klein and R. Mountain, "Long Lived Structures in Fragile Glasses" *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **75**, 2552 (1995)
- [5] G. Johnson, A. Mel'cuk, H. Gould, W. Klein and R. Mountain, "Molecular Dynamics Study of Long Lived Structures in a Fragile Glass Forming Liquid" *Phys. Rev. E* **57**, 5707 (1998)
- [6] J. Rundle and W. Klein, "Scaling and Critical Phenomena in a Class of Burridge-Knopoff Models for Earthquakes" *J. Stat. Phys.*, **72** 405 (1993)
- [7] J. B. Rundle and W. Klein, "Dynamical Segmentation and Rupture Patterns in a 'Toy' Slider Block Model for Earthquakes" *Non-Linear Proc. in Geophys.* **2**, 61 (1995)
- [8] W. Klein, J. B. Rundle and C. D. Ferguson, "Critical Phenomena and Metastability in Models of Earthquake Faults" *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **78**, 3793 (1997)
- [9] J. B. Rundle, E. Preston, S. McGinnis and W. Klein, "Why Earthquakes Stop: Growth and Arrest in Stochastic Fields" *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **80**, 5698 (1998)
- [10] C. F. Ferguson, W. Klein and J. R. Rundle "Spinodals, Scaling and Ergodicity in a Model of an Earthquake Fault with Long-Range Stress Transfer" *Phys. Rev. E*, **60**, 1374 (1999)

## Jean-Bernard Minster: Scripps UCSD

IGPP, Scripps Institution of Oceanography, UCSD, La Jolla, CA 92093-0225  
[jbminster@ucsd.edu](mailto:jbminster@ucsd.edu), 619-534-5650, Fax 619-534-2902

1994-Present: Professor of Geophysics, Director, Systemwide, Institute of Geophysics and Planetary Physics

1995-present: Member, Committee on Environmental and Geophysical Data, National Research Council.

1993-present: Member, National Research Council Board on Earth Sciences and Resources

1990-present: Member, Board of Directors, Southern California Earthquake Center

Professional Associations & Memberships: American Geophysical Union, European Geophysical Union, Royal Astronomical Society, Seismological Society of America, Society of Exploration Geophysicists, European Geophysical Society, American Association for the Advancement of Science

Ph.D.: Geophysics, California Institute of Technology, 1974

Doctorat d'État : Géophysique, Université de Paris VII, 1974

### 5 Publications Related to the Proposed Project:

Baker, G.E., J.B. Minster, G. Zandt, and H. Gurrola, Constraints on crustal structure and complex Moho topography beneath Piñon Flat, California, from teleseismic receiver functions, *Bull. Seismol. Soc. Amer.*, **86**, 1830-1844, 1996.

Shkoller, S. and J. B. Minster, Reduction of Dietrich-Ruina attractors to unimodal maps, *Nonlinear Processes in Geophysics*, **4**, 63-69, 1997.

Xu, H., S. M. Day and J. B. Minster, Model for nonlinear wave propagation derived from rock hysteresis measurements, *J. Geophys. Res.*, **103**, 29915-29929, 1998.

Hofton, M. A., J. B. Blair, J.-B. Minster, J. R. Ridgway, N. P. Williams, J. L. Bufton and D. L. Rabine, An airborne topographic survey of Long Valley Caldera, CA, 1995, using scanning laser altimetry, *Int. J. Remote Sensing*, **submitted**, 1998.

Calais, E. and J.-B. Minster, GPS, earthquakes, the ionosphere, and the space shuttle, *Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors*, **105**, 167-181, 1998.

### 5 Other Significant Publications:

Calais, E. and J. Bernard Minster, GPS detection of ionospheric perturbations following a Space Shuttle ascent, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, **23**, 1897-1900, 1996.

Ridgway, J. R., J. B. Minster, N. Williams, J. L. Bufton, and W. B. Krabill, Airborne laser altimeter survey of Long Valley, California, *Geophys. J. Int.*, **131**, 267-280, 1997

Calais, E., J. B. Minster, M. A. Hofton, and M. A. H. Hedlin, Ionospheric signature of surface mine blasts from Global Positioning System measurements, *Geophys. J. Int.*, **132**, 191-202, 1998.

Hofton, M. A., J. B. Blair, J. B. Minster, J. R. Ridgway, N. P. Williams, J. L. Bufton, and D. L. Rabine, Using laser altimetry to detect topographic change at Long Valley caldera, California, *Earth Surface Remote Sensing, SPIE*, **3222**, 295-306, 1997.

Calais, E., J. B. Minster, M. A. Hofton and M. A. H. Hedlin, Ionospheric signature of surface mine blasts from Global Positioning System measurements, *Geophys. J. Int.*, **132**, 191-202, 1998.



**Collaborators within the last 48 months:**

Duncan Agnew, Scripps Institution of Oceanography  
Yehuda Bock, Scripps Institution of Oceanography  
Steve Day, San Diego State University  
John McRaney, University of Southern California  
John Rundle, University of Colorado, Boulder  
Paul Rosen, Jet Propulsion Laboratory  
Bob Schutz, University of Texas  
Peter Shearer, Scripps Institution of Oceanography  
Steve Shkoller, UC Davis  
David Sandwell, Scripps Institution of Oceanography

**Thesis Advisor in the last 5 years for:**

Harrold Gurrola, Ph.D. 1995, Texas Tech. University  
G. Eli Baker, Ph.D. 1996, Maxwell Technologies, San Diego  
Heming Xu, Ph.D. 1998

**Postdoctoral Sponsor in the last 5 years for:**

Eric Calais, CNES, France  
Michelle Hofton, University of Maryland  
Steve Shkoller, California Institute of Technology and Los Alamos National Laboratory

**Graduate Advisor:**

Charles Archambeau, formerly at California Institute of Technology

## **James R. Rice: Harvard**

Born: 3 December 1940, Frederick, MD

### **Employment:**

9/81-present, Gordon McKay Professor of Engineering Sciences and Geophysics, Department of Earth and Planetary Sciences and Division of Engineering and Applied Sciences, Harvard University.

1/99-1/00: on leave as Blaise Pascal International Research Professor, Ecole Normale Supérieure, Paris.

2/95-12/95: on leave as Allan Cox Visiting Professor, Dept. of Geophysics, Stanford.

9/88 - 8/89: on leave as Sherman Fairchild Distinguished Scholar, Div. of Engineering and Applied Sciences, Caltech.

9/64-8/81: Postdoc 9/64-6/65, Assistant Professor 7/65-6/68, Associate Professor 7/68-6/70, Professor 7/70-8/81, and L. Herbert Ballou Professor of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics 7/73-8/81, Division of Engineering, Brown University.

9/71-8/72: on leave as NSF Senior Postdoctoral Fellow, Department of Applied Mathematics and Theoretical Physics, University of Cambridge, and Overseas Fellow, Churchill College.

Address: 224 Pierce Hall, 29 Oxford Street, Cambridge, MA 02138.

### **Education:**

Lehigh University, Bethlehem, PA: B.S., Engineering Mechanics, 6/62; M.S., Applied Mechanics, 6/63; Ph.D., Applied Mechanics, 10/64.

### **Professional activities/awards (current or recent):**

Member and fellow, AGU, ASME. Member, APS, ASCE.  
Committee on Seismology, NRC Com. on Phys. Sci., Math. and Resources, 1992-8.  
Committee on Science of Earthquakes, NRC Com. on Phys. Sci., Math. and Resources, 1996-9.  
Francis Birch Lecturer, AGU, 1993. Timoshenko Medal, ASME, 1994.  
National Academy of Engineering, 1980-. National Academy of Sciences, 1981-.  
Foreign Member of the Royal Society (London), 1996-.  
Honorary Doctor of Science: Lehigh, 1985; Northwestern, 1996; Brown, 1997; Paris VI, 1999.

### **Five most relevant publications:**

Geubelle, P. H., and J. R. Rice, "A Spectral Method for Three-Dimensional Elastodynamic Fracture Problems", *J. Mech. Phys. Solids*, 43, 1995, pp. 1791-1824.  
Rice, J. R., and Y. Ben-Zion, "Slip complexity in earthquake fault models", *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA*, 93, 1996, pp. 3811-3818.

Ben-Zion, Y., and J. R. Rice, "Dynamic simulations of slip on a smooth fault in an elastic solid"; *J. Geophys. Res.*, 102, 1997, pp. 17771-17784.  
Taylor, M. A. J., R. Dmowska and J. R. Rice, "Upper-plate Stressing and Seismicity in the Subduction Earthquake Cycle", *Journal of Geophysical Research*, 103, 1998, pp. 24523-24542.  
Zheng, G., and J. R. Rice, "Conditions under which velocity-weakening friction allows a self-healing versus a crack-like mode of rupture", *Bull. Seismol. Soc. Amer.*, 88, 1998, pp. 1466-1483.

**Associates, last 4 years:**

Collaborators: M. Cocco, R. Dmowska, R. Madariaga, P. Segall, W. D. Stuart, J. R. Willis, Y. Ben-Zion, E. Bouchaud, J.-P. Bouchaud, G. Perrin, P. Geubelle, A. Cochard, J. Schmittbuhl, T. Tada, J.-S. Wang, G. E. Beltz, N. Lapusta, J. Kysar, Y. Sun, S. Mesarovic, M. A. J. Taylor and G. Zheng.  
Thesis advisor F. P. Beer, postdoctoral advisor D. C. Drucker.

**Students graduating within last three years (J. R. Rice):**

Gutuan Zheng, Ph.D. 1997, male, oriental, China, 6 years to complete.  
Mark A. J. Taylor, Ph.D. 1998, male, caucasian, England, 5 years to complete.  
John W. Morrissey, Ph.D. 1998, male, caucasian, USA, 6 years to complete.  
Jeffrey W. Kysar, Ph.D. 1998, male, caucasian, USA, 6 years to complete.

## **Charles G. Sammis: USC**

**Present Position:** Professor of Geological and Materials Sciences, University of Southern California

Visiting Professor, University College London

**Born:** 1944, Huntington, New York

### **Education:**

Brown University, Sc. B. (Cum Laude, with honors in Physics) 1965

California Institute of Technology, M.S. (Geophysics) 1968

California Institute of Technology, Ph.D., 1971

### **Previous Positions:**

N.A.T.O. Postdoctoral Fellow in the School of Theoretical Chemistry at the University of Bristol, 1971-72

Assistant Professor of Geophysics, Department of Geosciences, The Pennsylvania State University, 1972-75

Associate Professor of Geophysics, Department of Geosciences, The Pennsylvania State University, 1975-77

Associate Professor of Geophysics, Department of Geological Sciences, University of Southern California, 1977-1987

Professor, Department of Geological Sciences, University of Southern California, 1987-

### **Academic Awards:**

United Aircraft Scholarship, Brown University, 1961-1965.

Title IV Fellowship, Caltech, 1966-1970.

N.E.R.C. Visiting Scientist Fellowship, Cambridge, 1983-1984.

Burlington Resources Foundation Faculty Research Award, 1991.

USC Associates Award for Excellence in Teaching, 1994.

Tomas Brody Honorary Chair at the UNAM Institute of Physics, Mexico City, 1999.

### **Professional Activity:**

Department Chair: Dept. of Earth Sciences, Univ. of Southern California 1994-1998

Visiting Scholar: Cambridge University Engineering Laboratory, 1983-1984

Visiting Professor: Institut de Physique du Globe de Paris, Universite Pierre et Marie Curie, Summer, 1987.

Institute for Theoretical Physics (U.C. Santa Barbara), Fall, 1992

Associate Editor: Journal of Geophysical Research, 1984-1987

Associate Editor: Reviews of Geophysics and Space Physics, 1984-1987

Member: NASA Planetary Science Review Panel, 1980-1982

Member: AGU Mineral Physics Committee, 1984-

Member: AGU Publicity Committee , 1988-1991  
Member: Geomechanics Committee of the Am.Soc.Mech.Engineers, 1988-  
U.S. Organizer: U.S.-Japan Seminar on "Fracture, Form, and  
Fractals", NSF U.S.-Japan Cooperative Science Program,  
Lake Arrowhead, CA. 1989.

### **FIVE RECENT RELEVANT PUBLICATIONS**

Sammis, C.G., R.M. Nadeau, and L.R. Johnson, How strong is an asperity?, J. Geophys. Res., 104, 10,609-10,619, 1999.

Sammis, C.G., and S.W. Smith, Seismic cycles and the evolution of stress correlation in cellular automaton models of finite fault networks?, in press, PAGEOPH., 1998.

Huang, Y., H. Saleur, C. Sammis, and D. Sornette, Precursors, aftershocks, criticality and self-organized criticality, Europhys. Letters , 41, 43-48, 1998.

Bowman, D.D., G. Ouillon, C.G. Sammis, A. Sornette, and D. Sornette, An observational test of the critical earthquake concept, J.Geophys. Res., 103, 24,359-24,372, 1998.

Saleur, H., C.G. Sammis, and D. Sornette, Discrete scale invariance, complex fractal dimensions, and log-periodic fluctuations in seismicity, J. Geophys. Res., 101, 17,661-17,677, 1996.

## Terry E. Tullis: Brown

Education:                    B.A. Carleton College, 1964  
                                  M.S. UCLA, 1967  
                                  Ph.D. UCLA, 1971

### Academic and Scientific Awards:

National Science Foundation Graduate Fellowship, 1964-1968  
Alfred P. Sloan Research Fellowship, 1973-1975.  
U. S. National Committee for Rock Mechanics Annual Award for 1990 for Outstanding Basic Research in Rock Mechanics for the paper "Roughness and wear during brittle faulting", *J. Geophys. Res.*, 93, 15268-15278, by W. L. Power, T. E. Tullis and J. D. Weeks.  
Editor's Citation for Excellence in Reviewing, *Journal of Geophysical Research*, 1998

### Academic Appointments:

UCLA, Department of Geology: Acting Instructor, 1969-1970  
Brown University, Dept. of Geol. Sci.: Asst. Prof., 1970-1976; Assoc. Prof., 1976-1989;  
Prof., 1989-

### Other Professional Appointments:

Tectonophysics Field Assistant, summer 1964, Shell Development Co.  
Research Assistant, 1968-1969, Institute of Geophysics, UCLA  
Visiting Fellow, September 1976-January 1977, Australian National University, Research School of Earth Sciences  
Geologist, Jan-June 1977, U.S. Geological Survey, Office of Earthquake Studies  
Visiting Professor, April-May, 1984, Texas A & M University, Center for Tectonophysics  
Visiting Professor, Sept-Oct, 1990, Harvard University, Dept. of Applied Sciences  
Geophysicist, Oct-Dec, 1990, U.S. Geological Survey, Office of Earthquakes  
Adjunct Professor, 1997-1998, South Dakota School of Mines and Technology, Department of Geology and Geological Engineering

### Professional Societies:

American Association for the Advancement of Science  
American Geophysical Union  
Geological Society of America  
International Society for Rock Mechanics

### Five publications most relevant to the proposal:

Lorenzetti, E. A. and Tullis, T. E., Geodetic predictions of a strike-slip fault model: implications for intermediate- and short-term earthquake prediction, *J. Geophys. Res.*, 94, 12343-12361, 1989.  
Stuart, W.D., and T.E. Tullis, Fault model for preseismic deformation at Parkfield, California, *J. Geophys. Res.*, 100, 24079-24099, 1995.  
Tullis, T.E., Rock friction and its implications for earthquake prediction examined via models of Parkfield earthquakes, in *Earthquake Prediction: the Scientific Challenge*, ed. by Leon Knopoff, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 93, 3803-3810, 1996.  
Beeler, N.M., Tullis, T.E., Self-healing slip pulses in dynamic rupture models due to velocity dependent strength, *Bull. Seis. Soc. Am.*, 86, 1130-1148, 1996.  
Tullis, T.E., Perspective - Deep slip rates on the San Andreas fault, *Science*, 285, 671-672, 1999.

Collaborators in last 48 months:

Joe Andrews, USGS  
Nick Beeler, USGS  
Mike Blanpied, USGS  
David Goldsby, Brown University  
Linda Reinen, Pomona College  
Valerie Scruggs, California Institute of Technology  
William Stuart, USGS  
John Weeks, Wavemetrics, Inc.  
Connie Worthington, Brown University  
Shuqing Zhang, Australian National University

Postdoctoral scholars sponsored over past five years:

Shuqing Zhang, Australian National University  
David Goldsby, Brown University

Graduate students advised over past five years:

Linda Reinen, Pomona College  
Nick Beeler, USGS  
Valerie Scruggs, California Institute of Technology  
Ali Lochhead, Japan  
Scott Costello, Brown University  
Chaoxiao Lu, Brown University  
Sarah Zaranek, Brown University

Total number of graduate students and postdoctoral scholars over past 5 years:

7

Thesis advisors:

David T. Griggs, UCLA (deceased)  
John M. Christie, UCLA (retired)

# SUMMARY PROPOSAL BUDGET YEAR 1

ORGANIZATION <b>Florida State University</b>				FOR NSF USE ONLY		
				PROPOSAL NO.	DURATION (months)	
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR / PROJECT DIRECTOR <b>Geoffrey C Fox</b>				AWARD NO.	Proposed	Granted
					NSF Funded Person-mos.	
A. SENIOR PERSONNEL: PI/PD, Co-PI's, Faculty and Other Senior Associates (List each separately with title, A.7. show number in brackets)				CAL	ACAD	SUMR
1. <b>Geoffrey C Fox - Prof. (PI)</b>				0.00	0.00	3.00
2. <b>Andrea Donnellan - Prof. (USC)</b>				0.00	0.00	0.00
3. <b>Roscoe C Giles - Prof.(Boston)</b>				0.00	0.00	0.00
4. <b>David H Laidlaw - Prof.(Brown)</b>				0.00	0.00	0.00
5. <b>John B Rundle - Prof.(Colorado)</b>				0.00	0.00	0.00
6. ( 0 ) OTHERS (LIST INDIVIDUALLY ON BUDGET JUSTIFICATION PAGE)				0.00	0.00	0.00
7. ( 5 ) TOTAL SENIOR PERSONNEL (1 - 6)				0.00	0.00	3.00
B. OTHER PERSONNEL (SHOW NUMBERS IN BRACKETS)						
1. ( 1 ) POST DOCTORAL ASSOCIATES				36.00	0.00	0.00
2. ( 0 ) OTHER PROFESSIONALS (TECHNICIAN, PROGRAMMER, ETC.)				0.00	0.00	0.00
3. ( 2 ) GRADUATE STUDENTS						96,000
4. ( 2 ) UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS						24,000
5. ( 0 ) SECRETARIAL - CLERICAL (IF CHARGED DIRECTLY)						0
6. ( 0 ) OTHER						0
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES (A + B)						300,000
C. FRINGE BENEFITS (IF CHARGED AS DIRECT COSTS)						26,618
TOTAL SALARIES, WAGES AND FRINGE BENEFITS (A + B + C)						326,618
D. EQUIPMENT (LIST ITEM AND DOLLAR AMOUNT FOR EACH ITEM EXCEEDING \$5,000.)						
TOTAL EQUIPMENT						0
E. TRAVEL 1. DOMESTIC (INCL. CANADA AND U.S. POSSESSIONS)						24,000
2. FOREIGN						0
F. PARTICIPANT SUPPORT COSTS						
1. STIPENDS \$ _____				0		
2. TRAVEL _____				0		
3. SUBSISTENCE _____				0		
4. OTHER _____				0		
( 0 ) TOTAL PARTICIPANT COSTS						0
G. OTHER DIRECT COSTS						
1. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES						9,000
2. PUBLICATION COSTS/DOCUMENTATION/DISSEMINATION						9,000
3. CONSULTANT SERVICES						0
4. COMPUTER SERVICES						0
5. SUBAWARDS						1,920,000
6. OTHER						12,000
TOTAL OTHER DIRECT COSTS						1,950,000
H. TOTAL DIRECT COSTS (A THROUGH G)						2,300,618
I. INDIRECT COSTS (F&A)(SPECIFY RATE AND BASE) <b>See Justif. (Rate: 46.5000, Base: 448618)</b>						
TOTAL INDIRECT COSTS (F&A)						208,607
J. TOTAL DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS (H + I)						2,509,225
K. RESIDUAL FUNDS (IF FOR FURTHER SUPPORT OF CURRENT PROJECTS SEE GPG II.D.7.j.)						0
L. AMOUNT OF THIS REQUEST (J) OR (J MINUS K)						\$ 2,509,225
M. COST SHARING PROPOSED LEVEL \$ 0				AGREED LEVEL IF DIFFERENT \$		
PI / PD TYPED NAME & SIGNATURE*			DATE	FOR NSF USE ONLY		
<b>Geoffrey C Fox</b>				INDIRECT COST RATE VERIFICATION		
ORG. REP. TYPED NAME & SIGNATURE*			DATE	Date Checked	Date Of Rate Sheet	Initials - ORG



# SUMMARY PROPOSAL BUDGET Cumulative

ORGANIZATION <b>Florida State University</b>				FOR NSF USE ONLY		
				PROPOSAL NO.	DURATION (months)	
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR / PROJECT DIRECTOR <b>Geoffrey C Fox</b>				AWARD NO.	Proposed	Granted
					NSF Funded Person-mos.	
A. SENIOR PERSONNEL: PI/PD, Co-PI's, Faculty and Other Senior Associates (List each separately with title, A.7. show number in brackets)				CAL	ACAD	SUMR
1. <b>Geoffrey C Fox - Prof. (PI)</b>				0.00	0.00	3.00
2. <b>Andrea Donnellan - Prof. (USC)</b>				0.00	0.00	0.00
3. <b>Roscoe C Giles - Prof.(Boston)</b>				0.00	0.00	0.00
4. <b>David H Laidlaw - Prof.(Brown)</b>				0.00	0.00	0.00
5. <b>John B Rundle - Prof.(Colorado)</b>				0.00	0.00	0.00
6. ( ) OTHERS (LIST INDIVIDUALLY ON BUDGET JUSTIFICATION PAGE)				0.00	0.00	0.00
7. ( <b>5</b> ) TOTAL SENIOR PERSONNEL (1 - 6)				0.00	0.00	3.00
B. OTHER PERSONNEL (SHOW NUMBERS IN BRACKETS)						
1. ( <b>1</b> ) POST DOCTORAL ASSOCIATES				36.00	0.00	0.00
2. ( <b>0</b> ) OTHER PROFESSIONALS (TECHNICIAN, PROGRAMMER, ETC.)				0.00	0.00	0.00
3. ( <b>2</b> ) GRADUATE STUDENTS						96,000
4. ( <b>2</b> ) UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS						24,000
5. ( <b>0</b> ) SECRETARIAL - CLERICAL (IF CHARGED DIRECTLY)						0
6. ( <b>0</b> ) OTHER						0
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES (A + B)						300,000
C. FRINGE BENEFITS (IF CHARGED AS DIRECT COSTS)						26,618
TOTAL SALARIES, WAGES AND FRINGE BENEFITS (A + B + C)						326,618
D. EQUIPMENT (LIST ITEM AND DOLLAR AMOUNT FOR EACH ITEM EXCEEDING \$5,000.)						
TOTAL EQUIPMENT						0
E. TRAVEL 1. DOMESTIC (INCL. CANADA AND U.S. POSSESSIONS)						24,000
2. FOREIGN						0
F. PARTICIPANT SUPPORT COSTS						
1. STIPENDS \$ _____				0		
2. TRAVEL _____				0		
3. SUBSISTENCE _____				0		
4. OTHER _____				0		
( <b>0</b> ) TOTAL PARTICIPANT COSTS						0
G. OTHER DIRECT COSTS						
1. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES						9,000
2. PUBLICATION COSTS/DOCUMENTATION/DISSEMINATION						9,000
3. CONSULTANT SERVICES						0
4. COMPUTER SERVICES						0
5. SUBAWARDS						1,920,000
6. OTHER						12,000
TOTAL OTHER DIRECT COSTS						1,950,000
H. TOTAL DIRECT COSTS (A THROUGH G)						2,300,618
I. INDIRECT COSTS (F&A)(SPECIFY RATE AND BASE)						
TOTAL INDIRECT COSTS (F&A)						208,607
J. TOTAL DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS (H + I)						2,509,225
K. RESIDUAL FUNDS (IF FOR FURTHER SUPPORT OF CURRENT PROJECTS SEE GPG II.D.7.j.)						0
L. AMOUNT OF THIS REQUEST (J) OR (J MINUS K)						\$ 2,509,225
M. COST SHARING PROPOSED LEVEL \$ <b>0</b>				AGREED LEVEL IF DIFFERENT \$		
PI / PD TYPED NAME & SIGNATURE*			DATE	FOR NSF USE ONLY		
<b>Geoffrey C Fox</b>				INDIRECT COST RATE VERIFICATION		
ORG. REP. TYPED NAME & SIGNATURE*			DATE	Date Checked	Date Of Rate Sheet	Initials - ORG

## Budget Justification

This budget represents a 3 year cumulative budget. The division between participating organizations is:

<b>Florida State University:</b>	\$589,225	over 3 years
<b>Boston University:</b>	\$375,000	over 3 years
<b>Brown University:</b>	\$345,000	over 3 years
<b>Colorado University:</b>	\$270,000	over 3 years
<b>USC(including SCEC):</b>	\$930,000	over 3 years
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$2,509,225</b>	over 3 years (approximately \$840K per year)

The **Florida State University** Budget supports

- 1 Summer Month a year for Principal Investigator Fox
- 1 Full year Postdoc at \$45,000 per year (listed as a total of \$135,000 for 3 years)
- 2 Graduate Research Assistantships
- 2 Undergraduate Research Students including summer research

**Fringe Benefits** are 18.4% for PI and 8.25% for Postdocs for whom Insurance of \$180 per month is added. Fringe benefits are 0.6% for students. There is Tuition of \$2000 per year for each graduate student with is recorded in Item G6.

**Overhead** is charged on Total Direct Costs excepting tuition and all but the First \$25000 of each of 4 subcontracts

The **USC Contribution** breaks into 3 components:

Co-PI Andrea Donnellan activity	\$225,000
Outreach activity led by senior personnel Jill Andrews	\$195,000
Funding for Senior Personnel at sites supported by SCEC (other senior personnel listed in proposal)	\$510,000

The SCEC Site funding will be assignment by project management to satisfy the 9 identified tasks with personnel as suggested below.

## Initial Roles of PI's and Senior Personnel

### Earth Science TimeFrames

#### 1. Real Time Science

**Leader:** Donnellan

Donnellan, Henyey, Kanamori, Jordan, Minster, Grant, Beroza

#### 2. HPCC Simulations & Data Integration

**Leaders:** Tullis & Rundle

Tullis, Rundle, Rice, Ben-Zion, Beroza, Jordan, Minster, Kanamori, Grant

#### 3. Fundamental Theory and Complex Systems

**Leaders:** Klein, Ben-Zion, Rundle

Klein, Rundle, Sammis, Ben-Zion, Minster, Giles

## **Computational Science**

1. **Basic Distributed Object Framework**

**Leader:** Fox

Fox, Giles, Donnellan, Minster, Laidlaw

2. **Real Time HPCC Simulations**

**Leader:** Giles

Giles, Klein, Minster, Tullis, Rundle

3. **Multisensor Metadata**

**Leaders:** Donnellan & Grant

Donnellan, Grant, Kanamori, Beroza, Jordan, Ben-Zion, Sammmis, Henyey

4. **Data & Simulation Visualization**

**Leader:** Laidlaw

Laidlaw, Giles, Minster, Jordan, Donnellan, Grant

5. **Interactive Data Mining**

**Leaders:** Rundle, Jordan, Fox

Rundle, Jordan, Fox, Ben-Zion, Sammis, Donnellan, Beroza, Giles

## **Outreach**

**Leaders:** Andrews & Donnellan

Andrews, Donnellan, Fox.