

Background and Purpose

- Background
 - At AMG25
 - The AMG reviewed issues raised with Draft1 of the IEEE draft HLA standard (1516) and SDG recommendations
 - AMG supported the recommended SDG actions
 - At AMG26
 - The AMG reviewed Draft2 of the IEEE draft 1516 and outstanding issues
 - The AMG endorsed Draft2 and supported recommended actions to submit comments on Draft2
- Purpose
 - Review results of the Draft2 SDG process and plans for Draft3
 - Review outstanding issues and proposed actions

IEEE Draft 1516 Progress

- Draft2
 - Followup actions were taken in accordance with AMG26 discussions (status will be discussed)
 - IEEE SISO SDGs met in September to review comments on Draft2
- Draft3
 - Draft3 will be released on 16 November
 - Draft3 comment period is 16 November 7 December
- Next SDG meeting is 5 7 January
- Resulting Draft4 will either
 - go forward for balloting
 - begin another comment cycle

Review of AMG26 Outstanding Issues

- As discussed at AMG26
 - With the issuance of Draft2, there were a set of issues still to be addressed
 - TSTCore and Spec Reps met to review these issues
 - Review process included discussions with the users who expressed needs for certain capabilities and queries of representations who might be affected by the changes
 - Issues
 - User supplied time
 - Unique object instance handles
 - Multiple routing spaces
 - Federate failure notification
 - OMT tables and data typing
 - Each issue is discussed in terms of the user need, background on AMG experience with the issues, and recommended actions
- In following slides, issues are reviewed and current status is described

User Supplied Time

- AMG26 Discussion
 - Issue
 - Certain realtime users (RPR-FOM group and others) have the need to send 'user defined time' with all attribute updates and interaction
 - This 'user defined time' is to be used by the recipient in the process of the update or interaction
 - This user defined tag is substantively different from the current time management services where time values are processed by the RTI to support event synchronization
 - AMG/HLA Experience/Assessment
 - This need is unrelated to the current time management services which support event synchronization; these users was receive order delivery of attributes and updates
 - The existing user supplied tag provides the desired atomic attribute association but limits the associated data representation to a string.

User Supplied Time (Continued)

- AMG26 discussion (continued)
 - Recommendation
 - Employ the user supplied tag service argument mechanism.
 - Enhance the definition of the user supplied tag to permit arbitrary values.
 - Add a new OMT table to document the use of the user supplied tag mechanism.
 - Action
 - Submit comment to the IEEE SDG
- Current status
 - Recommended comment was submitted and accepted
 - An additional set of recommendations to extend the time management services to address this issue were developed following AMG26, submitted and accepted

Unique Object Instance Handles

- AMG26 discussion
 - Issue
 - Prior to Spec 1.2 the RTI was required to generate federation execution-wide unique object instance handles.
 - In Spec 1.3 the object instance handles were only required to be unique to a given Federate and object instance names were introduced.
 - Users feel that names are cumbersome and resource consumptive for use across the federation at execution time.
 - AMG/HLA Experience/Assessment
 - DMSO canvassed current RTI developers and found no perceived implementation issues with a reversion to federation-wide unique object handles.
 - Recommendation
 - Go back to federation execution-wide unique handles
 - Action
 - Submit comment to IEEE SDG
- Comment was submitted and accepted

Multiple Routing Spaces

- AMG26 discussion
 - Issue
 - RPR-FOM group has asked that a given class attribute/interaction class be allowed to have multiple routing spaces assigned to it.
 - AMG/HLA Experience/Assessment
 - DDM assessment during review of STOW experience suggested that the current routing space flexibility supported the range of anticipated uses and can be implemented efficiently
 - Recommendation
 - No change to Spec at this time
 - Action
 - Investigate with actual users (Perceptronics and LADS) the extent to which there may be real limits in the current specification and possible options for addressing these
 - Assess how applications are supported with current, thorough experimentation
- Investigation is underway

Federation Execution Failure Model

• AMG26 discussion

- Issue
 - Execution managers have difficulties determining the status of participating federates in the presence of certain failures
 - Internally the RTI is aware of failures on the part of participating federates and it is desireable for this information to be made available to federates
- Recommendation
 - Add federate status information to the MOM
 - Perform additional research on a standard Federation Execution Failure Model (what does 'failure' mean under different RTI development strategies)
- Action
 - Submit comment to IEEE SDG
- Still pending

OMT Tables

- AMG26 discussion
 - Issue
 - Users suggested that the data type mechanism in the OMT is limited and there needs to be a new way to capture the representation of certain types.
 - AMG/HLA Experience/Assessment
 - Cadre, RPR-FOM, and IEEE SDG comments have all pointed to these issues.
 - Recommendation
 - Make Annex B a table and add new type construction functions (fixed and variant records, arrays, and simple type definitions) to the OMT.
 - Investigate the impact of these new and changed tables on the OMT DIF.
 - Action
 - Submit to IEEE SDG
 - Review DIF formats and investigate use of applicable existing industry standards.
- OMT recommendations submitted and accepted

XML to Support HLA DIFs

- Background
 - HLA DIFs (OMT, FED) need to be updated to reflect changes in specifications (e.g. OMT tables)
 - With the spec review for standardization, option for use of an industry standard to support HLA DIFs was considered
- Current HLA DIF specification uses BNF
 - Offers a great deal of flexibility
 - Well suited to early development phase
 - Allows/requires user to customize 'grammar' to particular needs of application
- XML (Extended Markup Language) provides an industry standard option to support HLA DIFs
 - We are beyond development phase with HLA DIFs; good time to consider standard approaches
- Assessment was conducted to evaluate advisability of XML to support HLA DIFs
 - Technically
 - Business case perspective

XML Technical Assessment

- What is XML?
 - Extended Markup Language; industry standard markup language; cited in JTA as emerging standard
- Does XML do what we need to support HLA DIFS (OMT; FED)? How do we know?
 - Initial 'paper' assessment indicated that XML could support current DIF capabilities (MITRE, UT-ARL)
 - Drafted an XML "document type definition" (DTD: method of tailoring XML to the needs of your domain) (MITRE/GTRI)
 - Implemented an XML version of the "restaurant FOM" from OMT specification using the DTD (MITRE/GTRI)
 - Conducted an experiment (GTRI)
 - A freeware, validating XML parser was obtained from IBM (xml4j) and used to create a FED file generator
 - This tool, accepts XML FOMs and produces old-style FED files
 - The tool required 2 full days of effort and 753 lines of Java in addition to the freeware
- Result: XML is a good technical candidate for HLA DIFs

XML Business Case Assessment

- Why move to XML?
 - Leverage the collective ideas of industry beyond our community ('standards are as standards do')
 - Growing broad based population of XML users
 - Lower costs of maintenance
 - Use an available standard instead of maintaining our own
 - Access to a trained work force
 - Industry is using XML already, the HLA DIFs will be just another XML application
 - Access to free and commercial supporting software
 - Widespread use of XML is leading to XML support in existing products and availability of freeware support tools
- Possible risks and risk mitigation
 - XML dies out or moves away from our needs in future versions
 - We stay at this version, and redistribute (current) freeware tools
 - Freeware does not materialize as quickly as is expected
 - We supplement with freeware tools we develop (no difference than if we stayed on current course); lots of XML tools already available based on experiment
- Result: good business case for moving to XML

Next Steps

- Recommend XML based HLA DIFs in comment to Draft3
 - Early draft in progress
- Review our draft DTD and implementation with industry 'experts'
 - ArborText under contract for XML consulting services
- Investigate unifying HLA DIFs into single DIF
 - In Draft3 of OMT and IF Specs, OMT DIF is a superset of FED DIF
 - Experiment demonstrated that subsetting in XML is natural
 - Offers the opportunity for possible simplification in the specification ('less is more')
- Propose to hold a technical exchange at the next AMG on XML and its application to HLA DIFs; disscussion of experiments

